

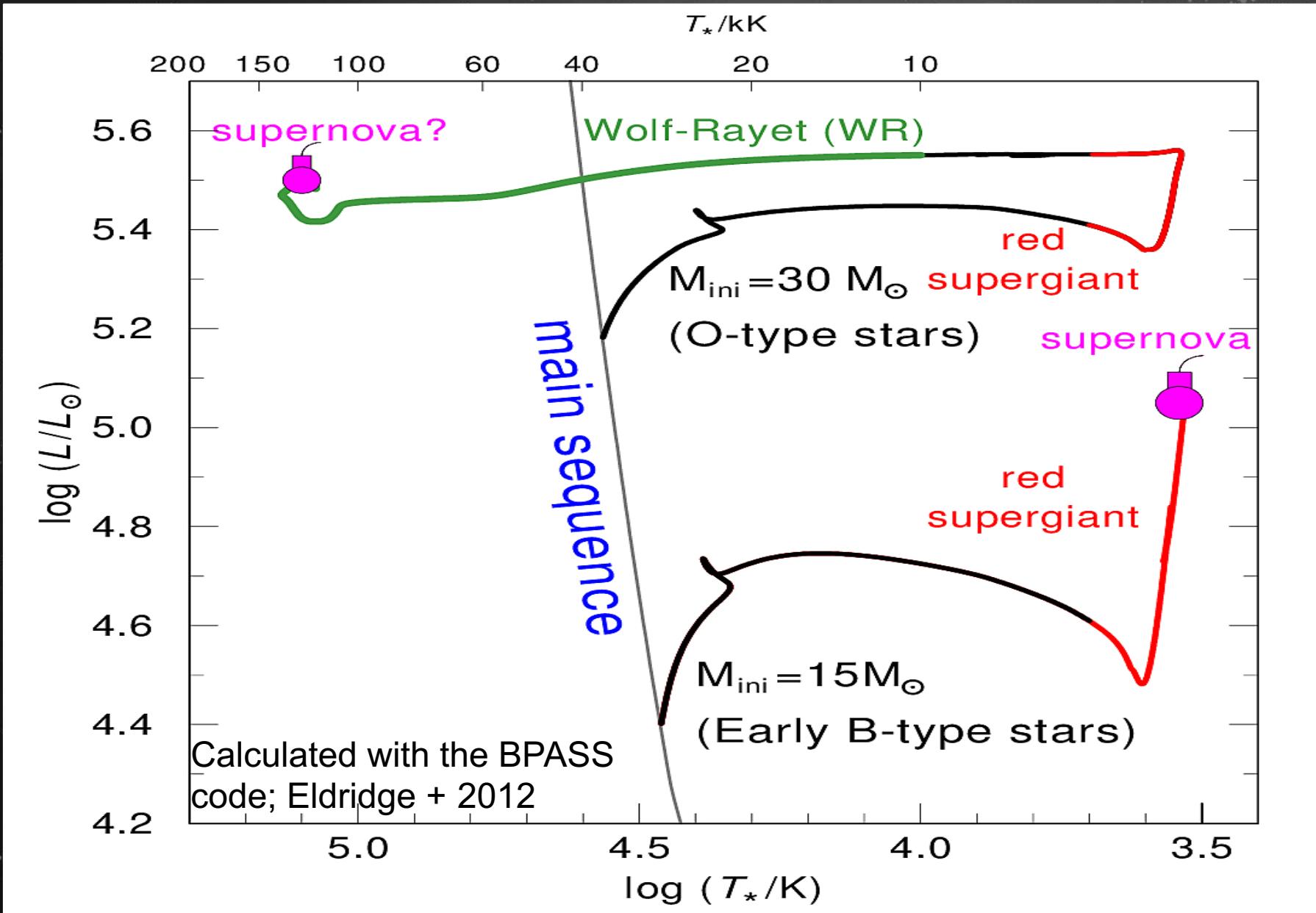
The formation of Wolf-Rayet stars at low metallicity

Tomer Shenar

KU Leuven, Belgium

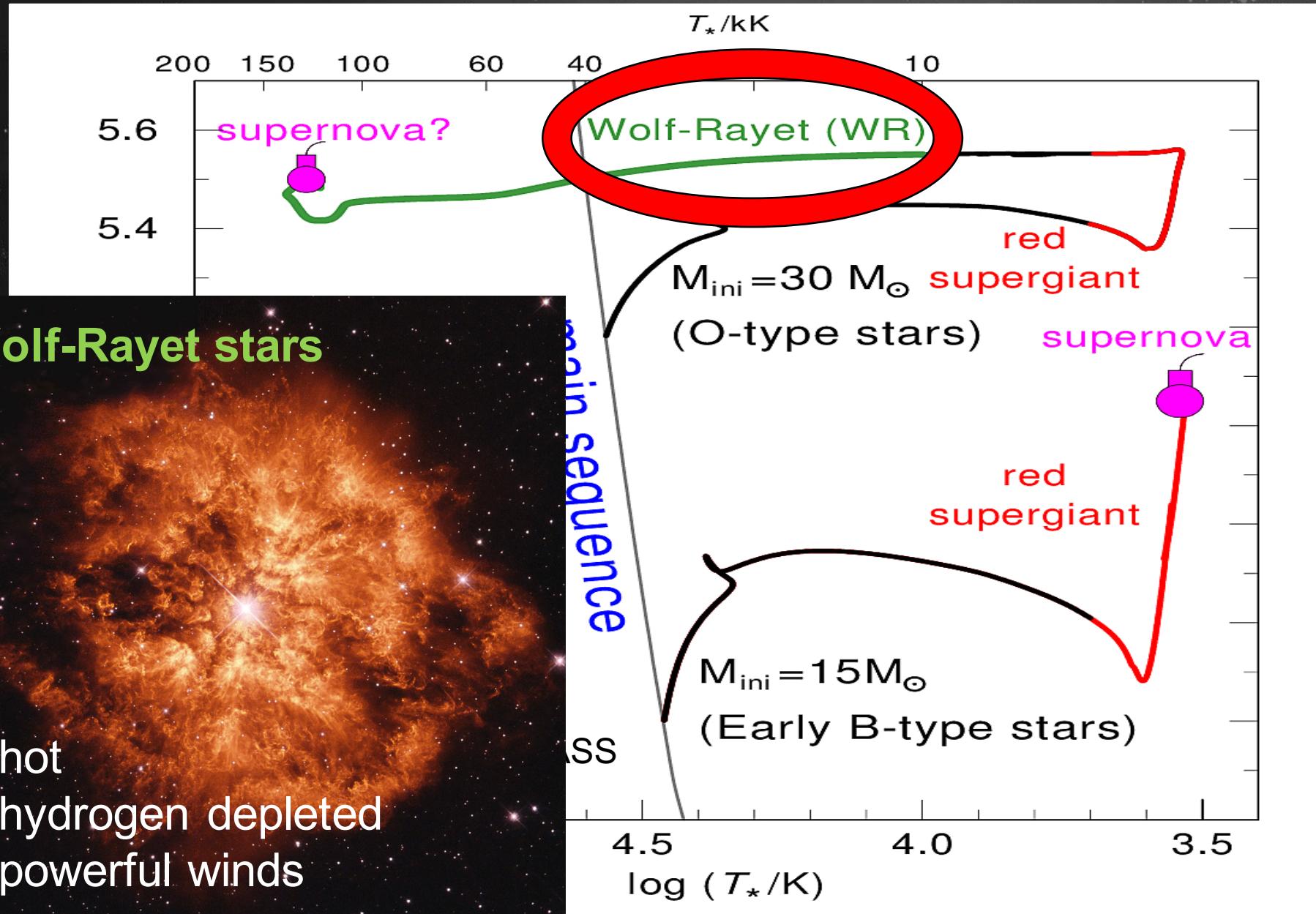
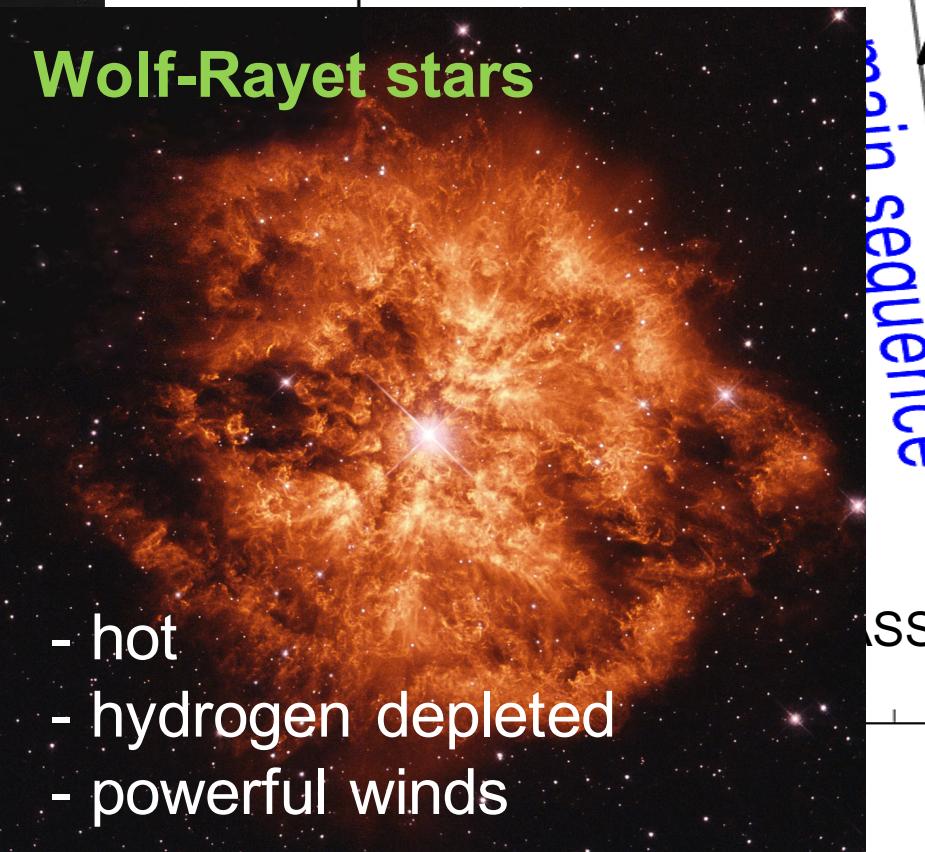
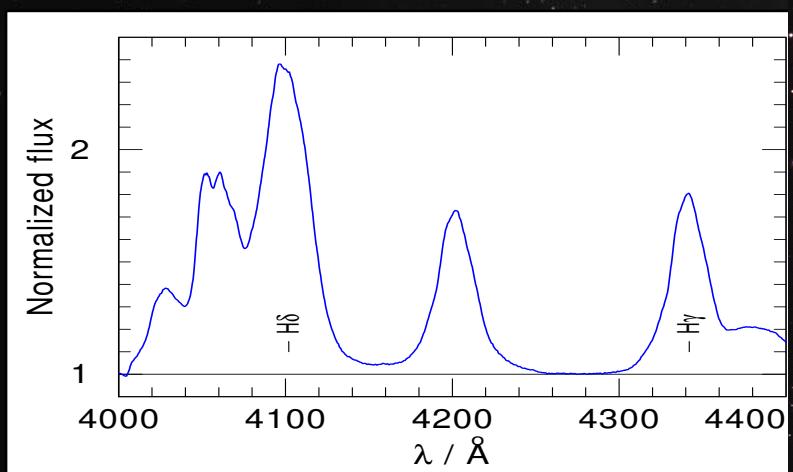
Massive-star evolution in 30 seconds

- $M_i \lesssim 20 M_{\odot}$ (in Galaxy):
RSG \rightarrow SN II
- $M_i \sim 20 M_{\odot} \rightarrow$
WR star (\rightarrow SN Ib/c?)



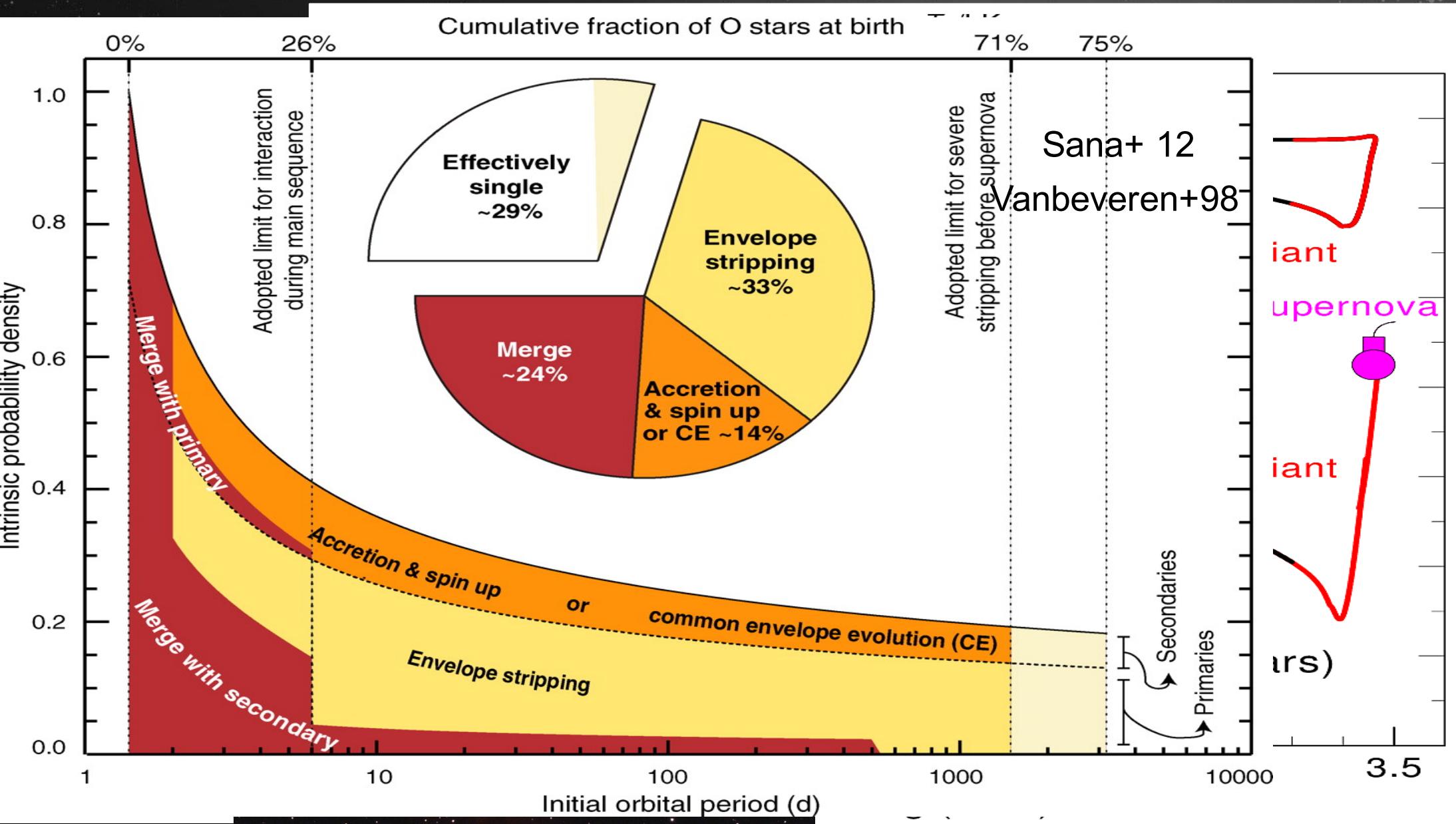
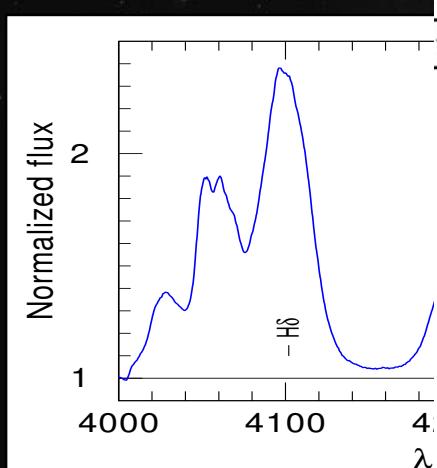
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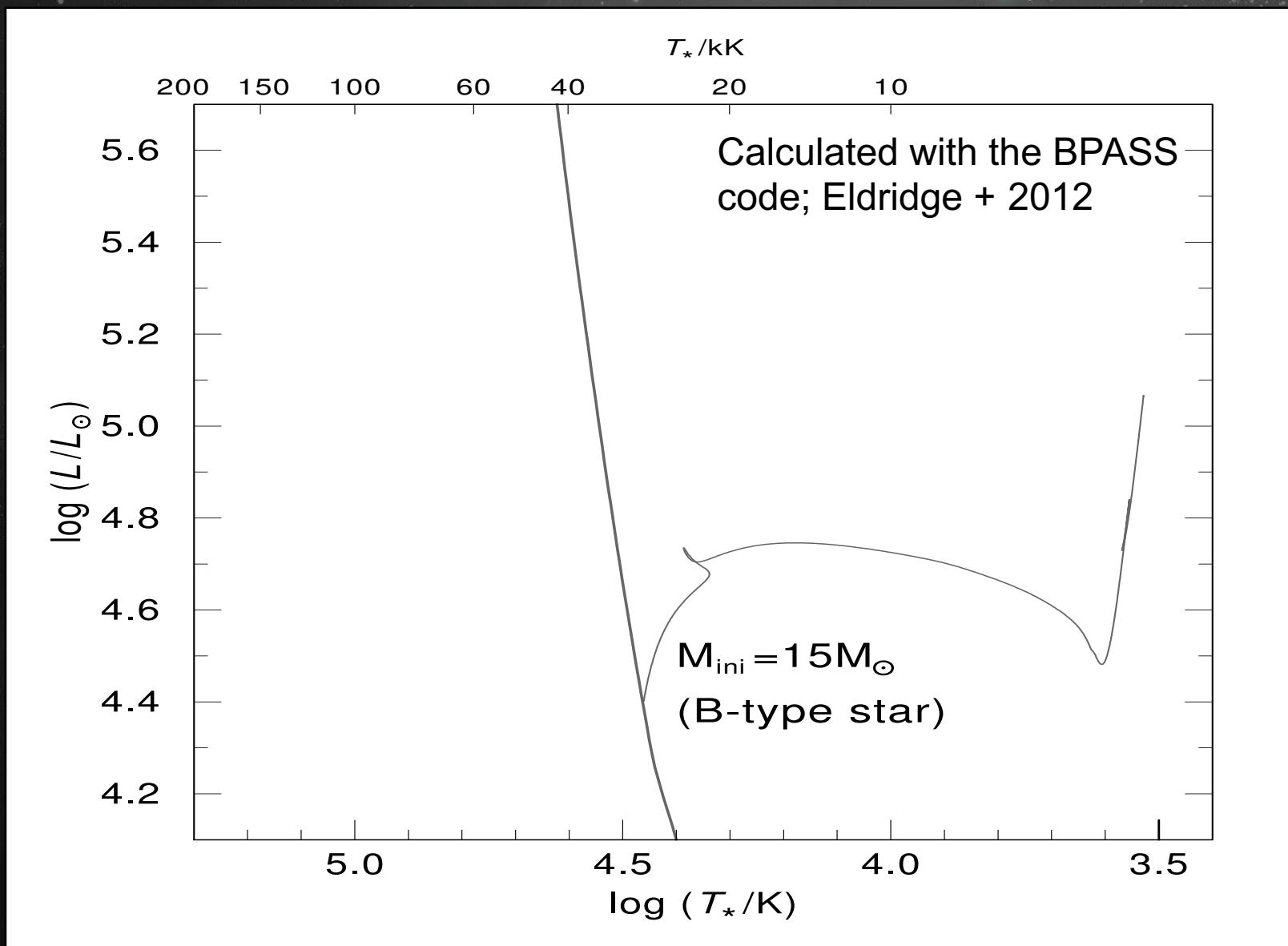
Massive-star evolution in 30 seconds

- $M_i \lesssim 20M_{\odot}$
RSG \rightarrow S
- $M_i \sim 20$
WR star



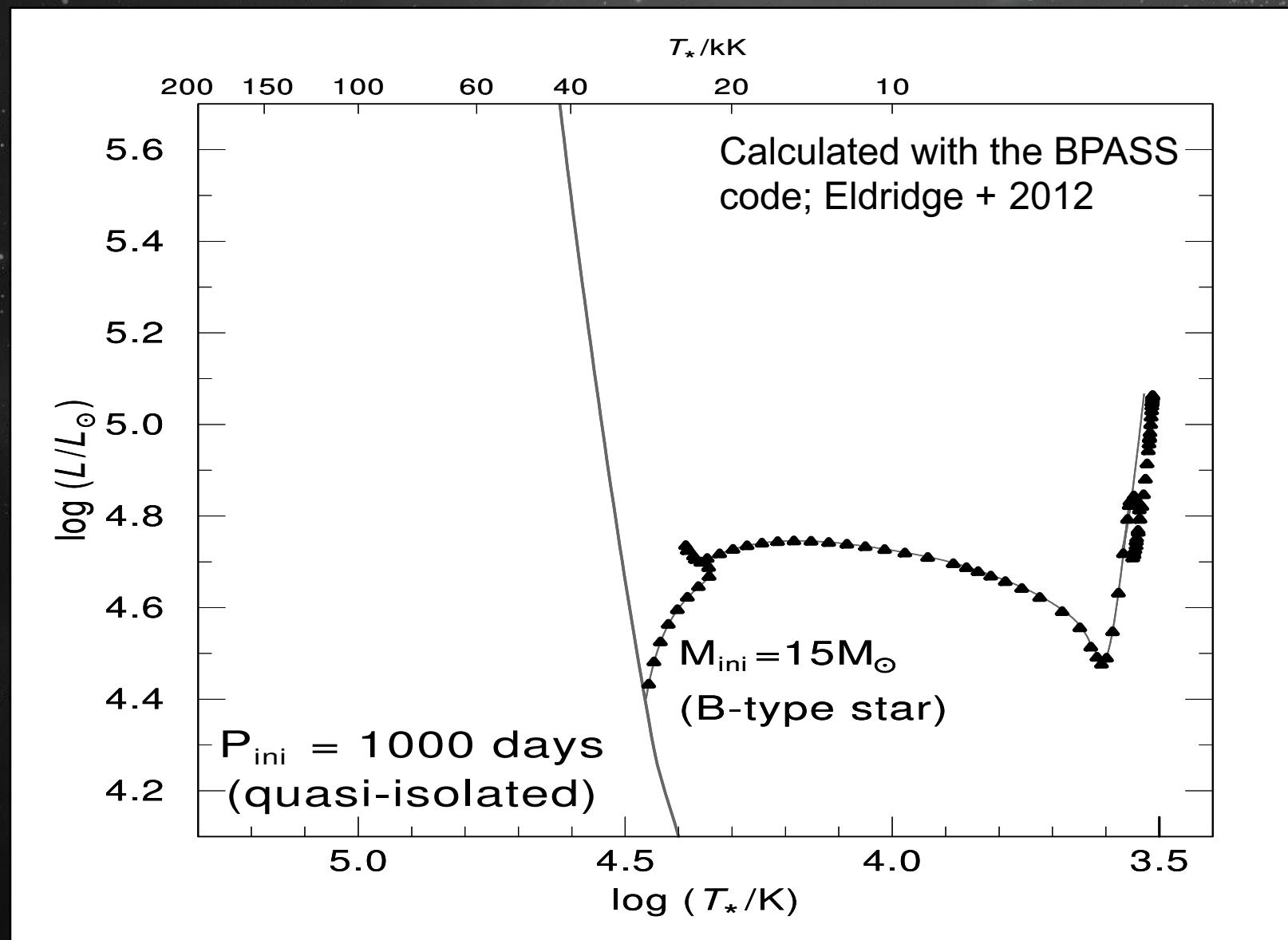
Binary evolution in 30 seconds

- 15Msun: RSG \rightarrow SN II



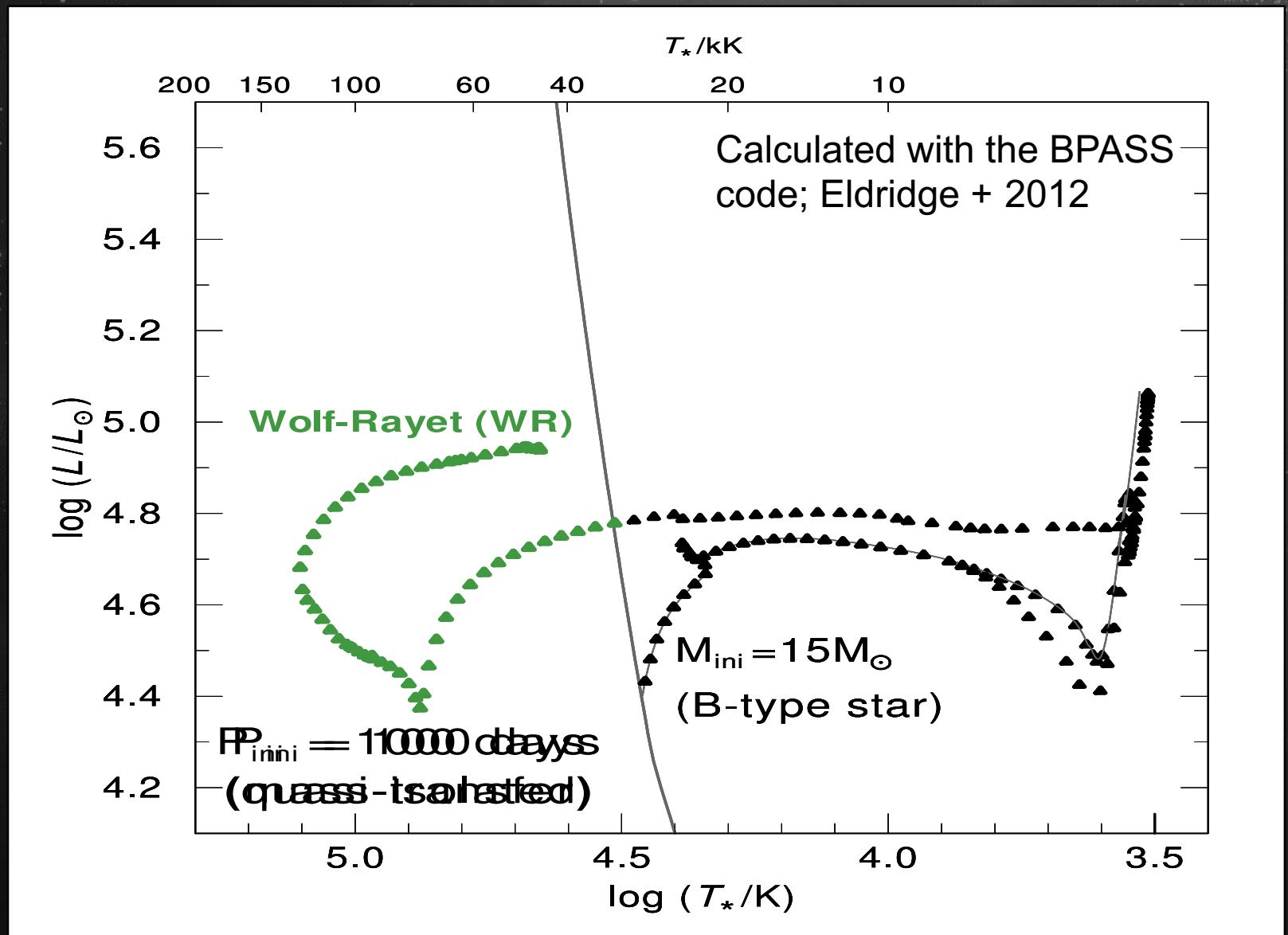
Binary evolution in 30 seconds

- $15M_{\odot}$: RSG \rightarrow SN II
- $P=1000d \rightarrow$ quasi single



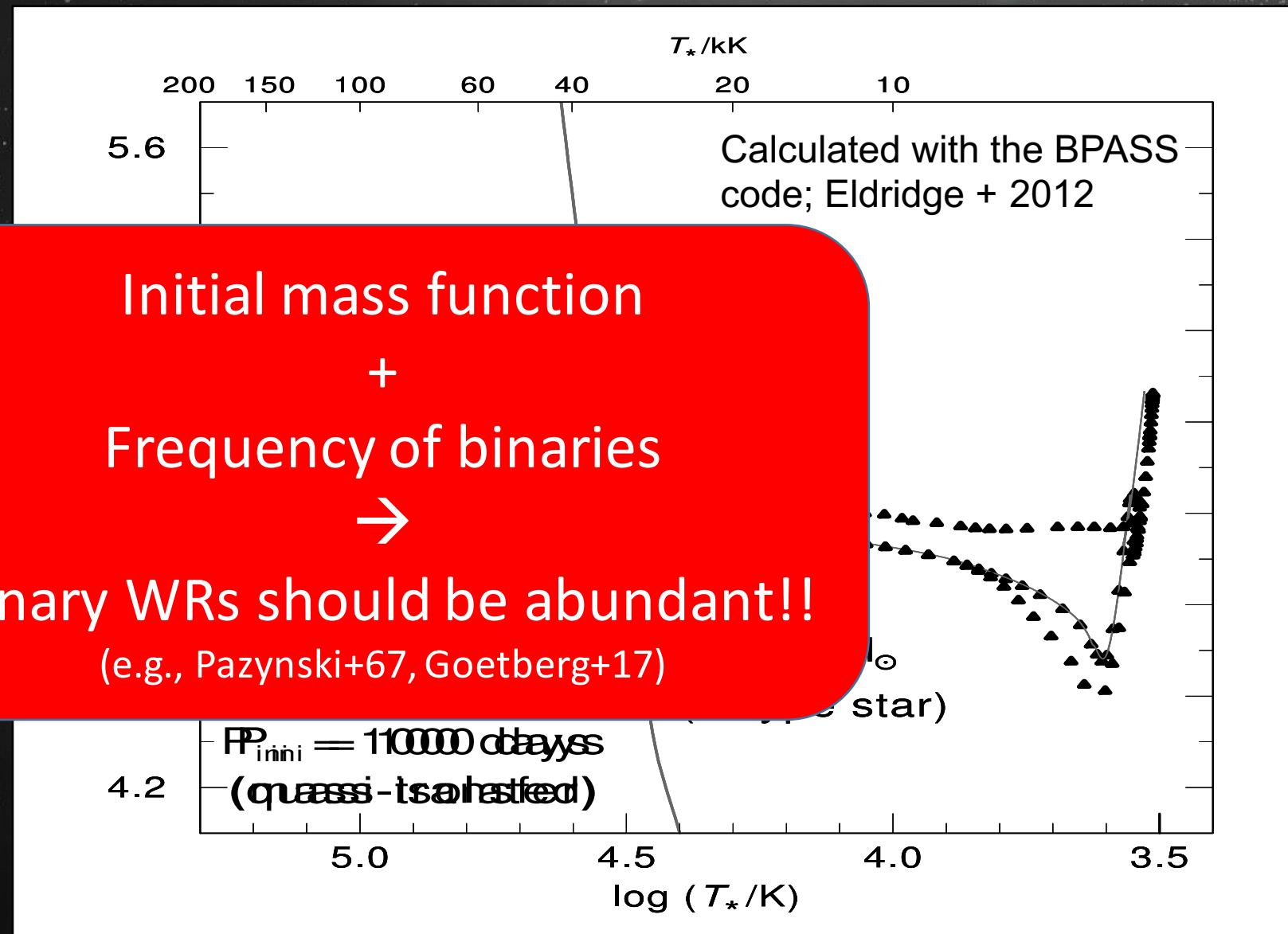
Binary evolution in 30 seconds

- $15M_{\odot}$: RSG \rightarrow SN II
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- $P=100d \rightarrow$ WR-like

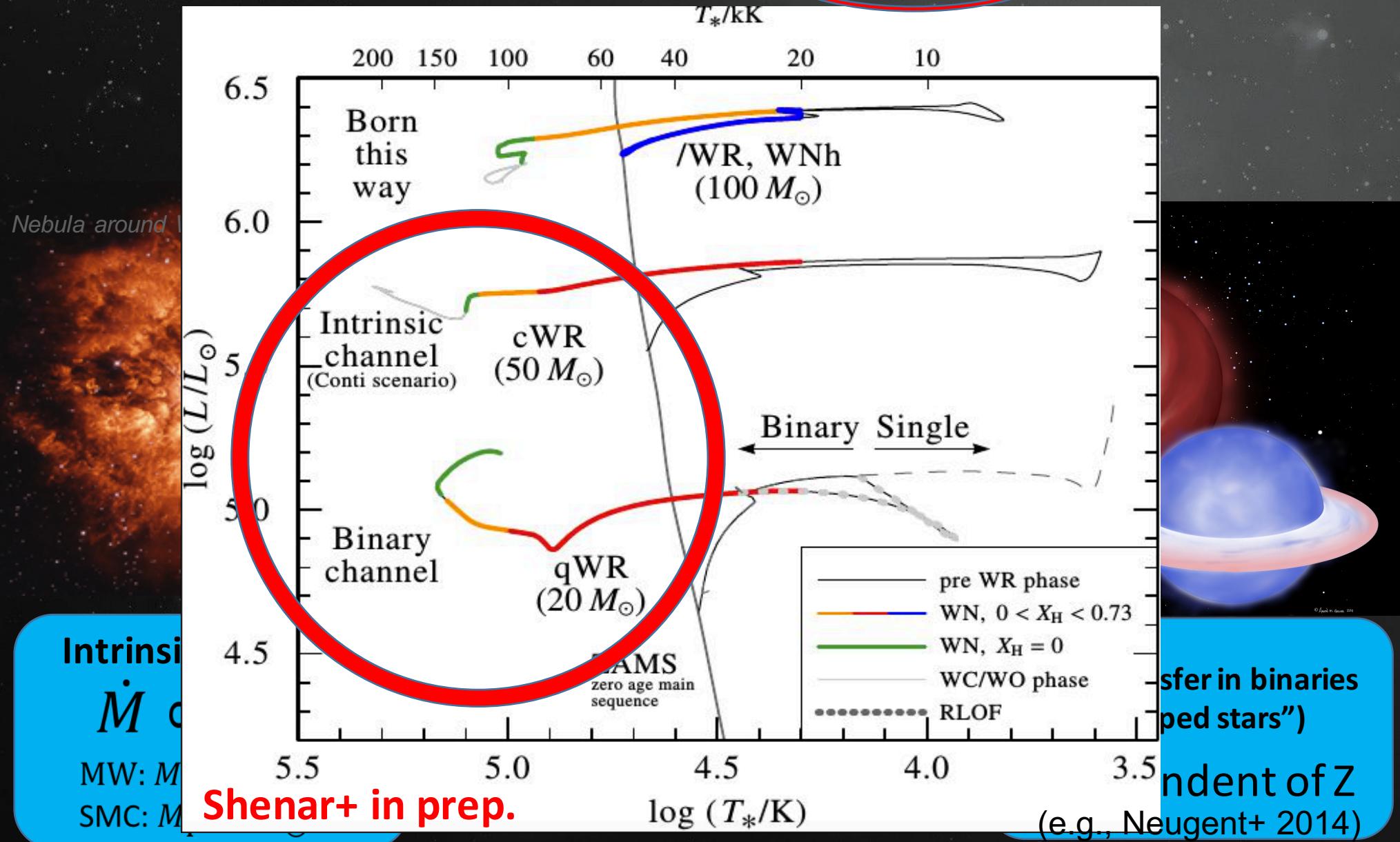


Binary evolution in 30 seconds

- 15Msun: RSG \rightarrow SN II
- P=1000d \rightarrow quasi single
- P=100d \rightarrow WR-like



Formation channels of classical WR stars



1. Paczynski 1967, Acta Astron, 17, 355 2. Vanbeveren et al. 1998, A&A Rev, 9, 63

Formation channels of classical WR stars

Nebula around WR124, HST

Intrinsic mass-loss

$$\dot{M} \propto Z^\alpha$$

MW: $M_i > 20M_\odot$

SMC: $M_i > 60M_\odot$



*The binary channel
should become
important at
low-Z
environments*

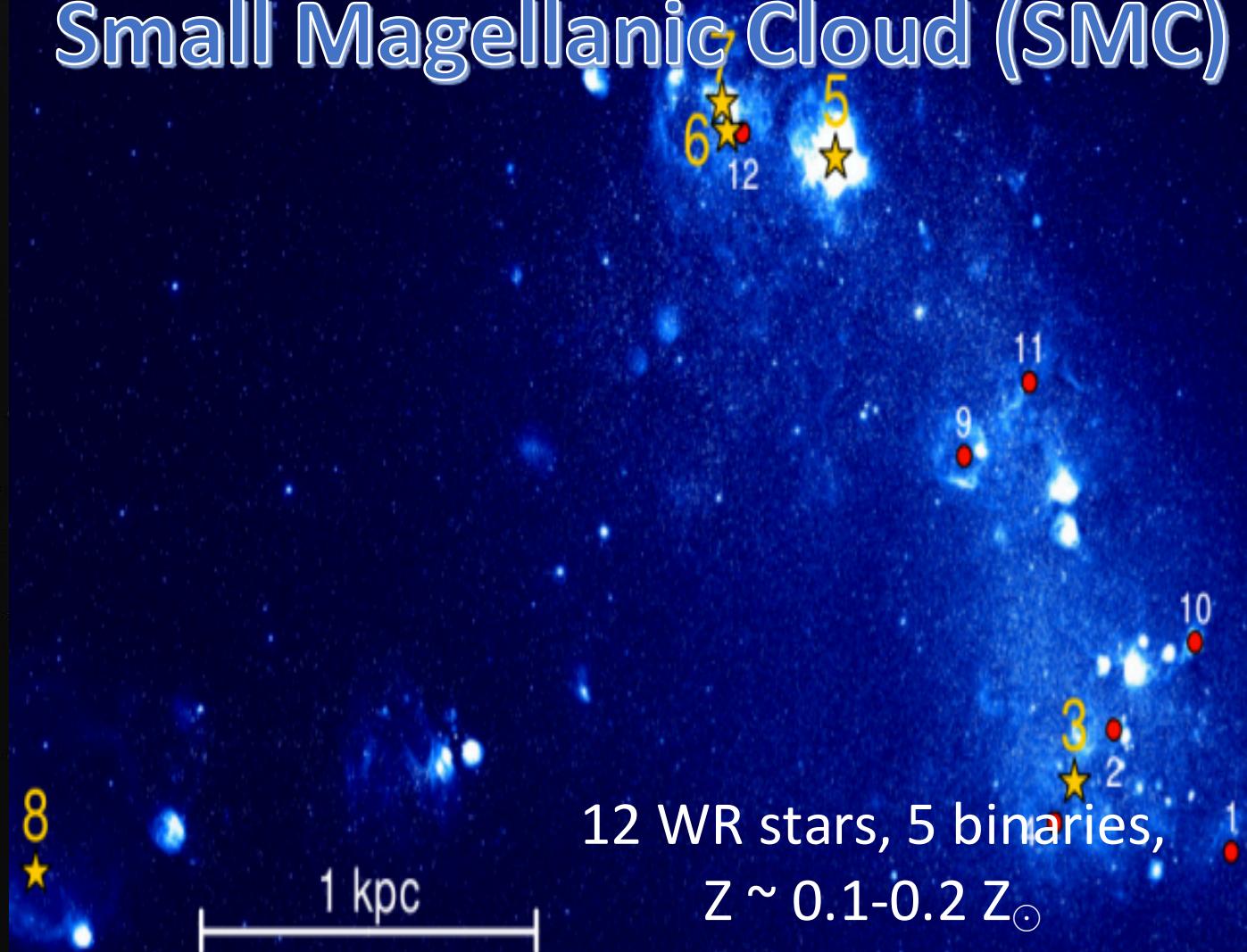
Mass-transfer in binaries
("stripped stars")
independent of Z
(e.g., Neugent+ 2014)

1. Paczynski 1967, Acta Astron, 17, 355 2. Vanbeveren et al. 1998, A&A Rev, 9, 63

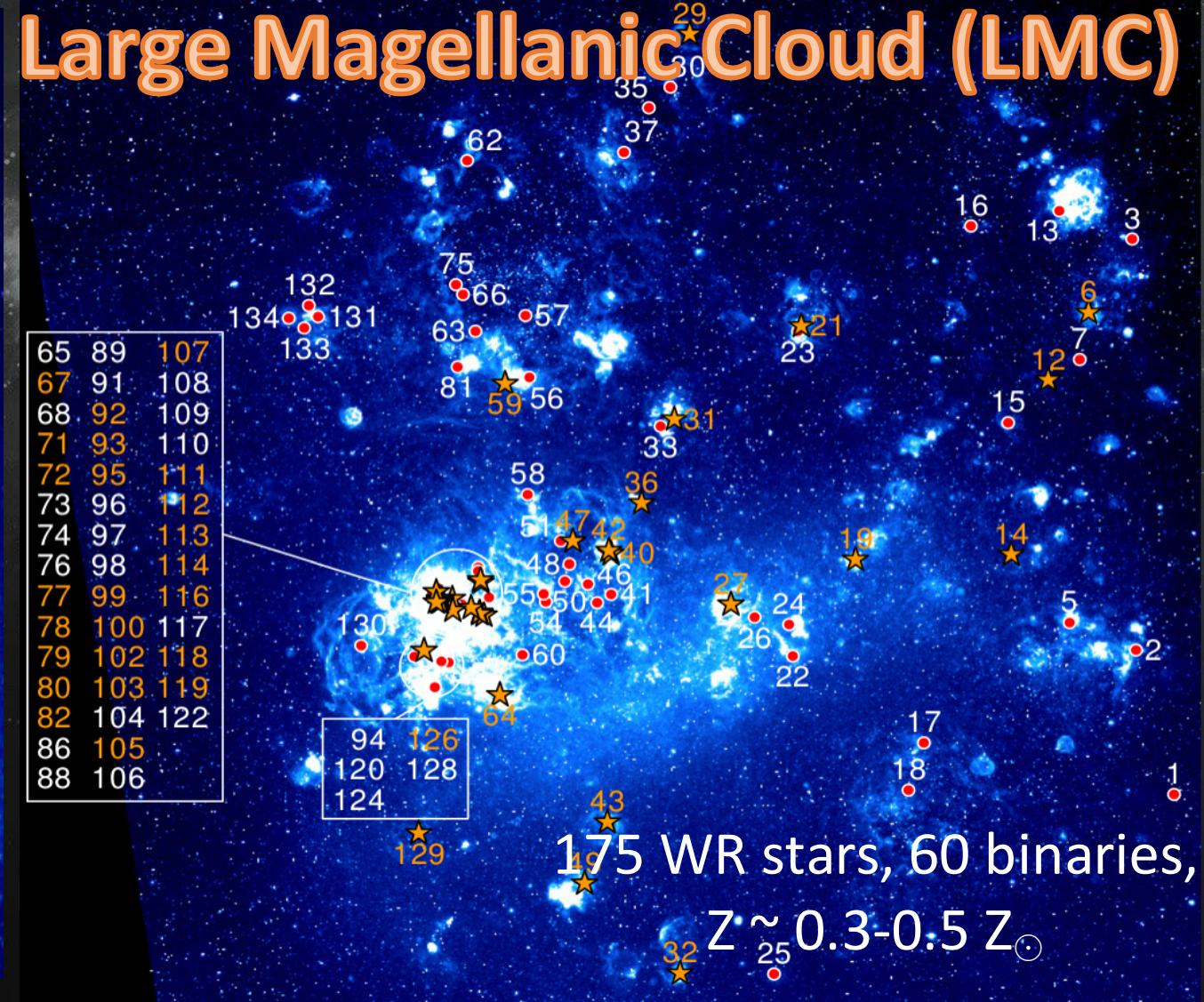
The Magellanic Clouds:

G. Wade, yesterday: “Phil Massey, today: ‘The MCs are ideal laboratories...’ ”

Small Magellanic Cloud (SMC)



Large Magellanic Cloud (LMC)

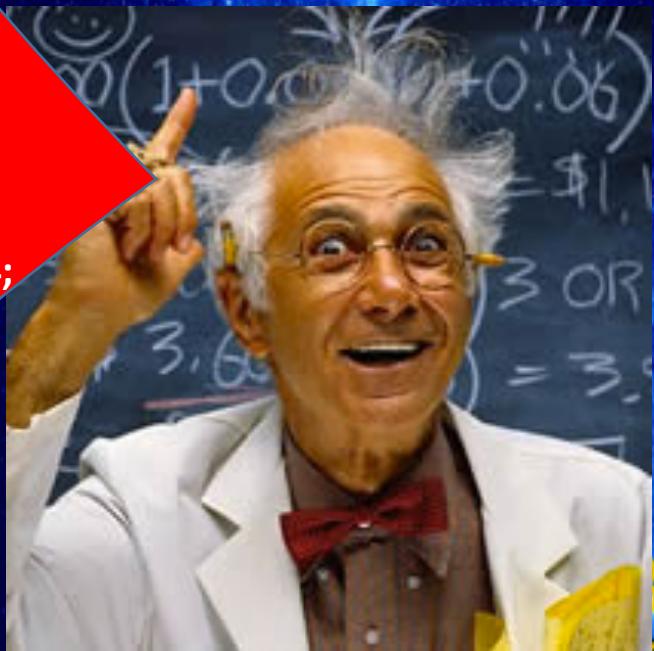


The Magellanic Clouds:

G. Wade, yesterday: “Phil Massey, today: ‘The MCs are ideal laboratories...’ ”

Small Magellanic Cloud (SMC)

Theory:
All WR stars
in the SMC
form via binarity
(e.g. Maeder & Meynet 94;
Georgy et al. 2015)



12 WR stars, 5 binaries,

$Z \sim 0.1\text{-}0.2 Z_{\odot}$

e.g., Foellmi+ 2003; Messey+2012 ; Neugent+ 2018



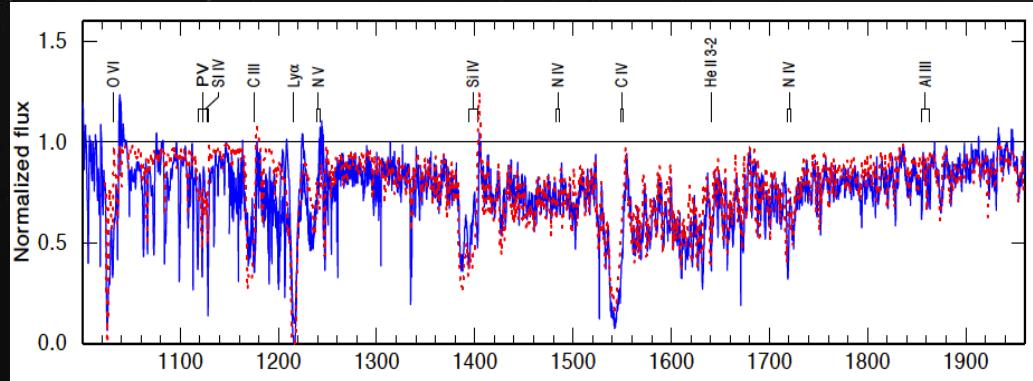
Large Magellanic Cloud (LMC)

65	89	107
67	91	108
68	92	109
71	93	110
72	95	111
73	96	112
74	97	113
76	98	114
77	99	116
78	100	117
79	102	118
80	103	119
82	104	122
86	105	
88	106	

94	126
120	128
124	

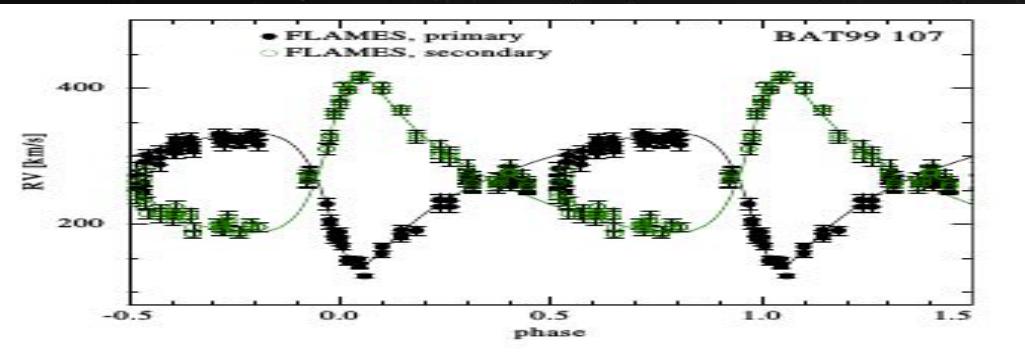
175 WR stars, 60 binaries,
 $Z \sim 0.3\text{-}0.5 Z_{\odot}$

Working plan



Spectral analyses (PoWR, Hamann+ 2002)

Data: Foellmi+ 2003, Schnurr+ 2008,
ESO / MAST archives, Torres+Massey...



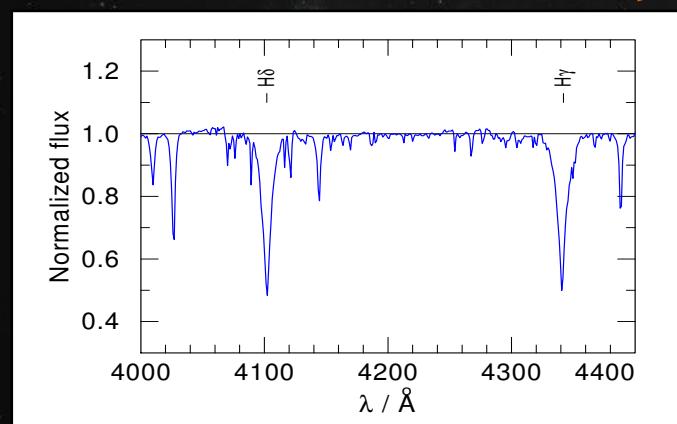
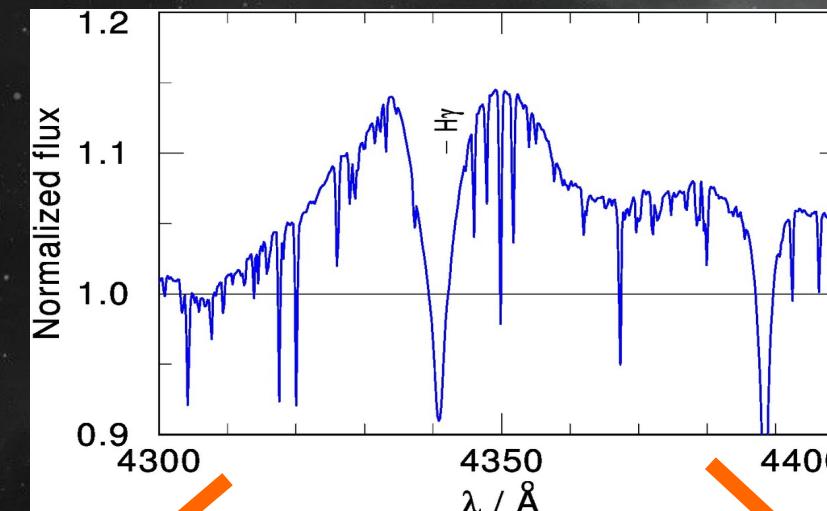
Orbital analyses

Physical + orbital
parameters:

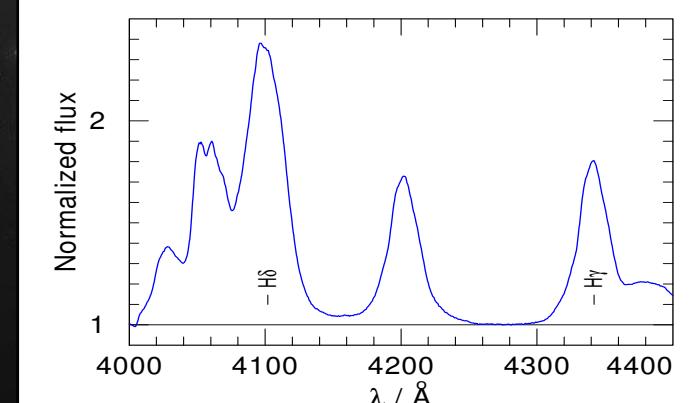
- Luminosity
- Effective temperature
- Abundances
- Masses
- Mass-loss rates
- ...

Comparison to
evolution models

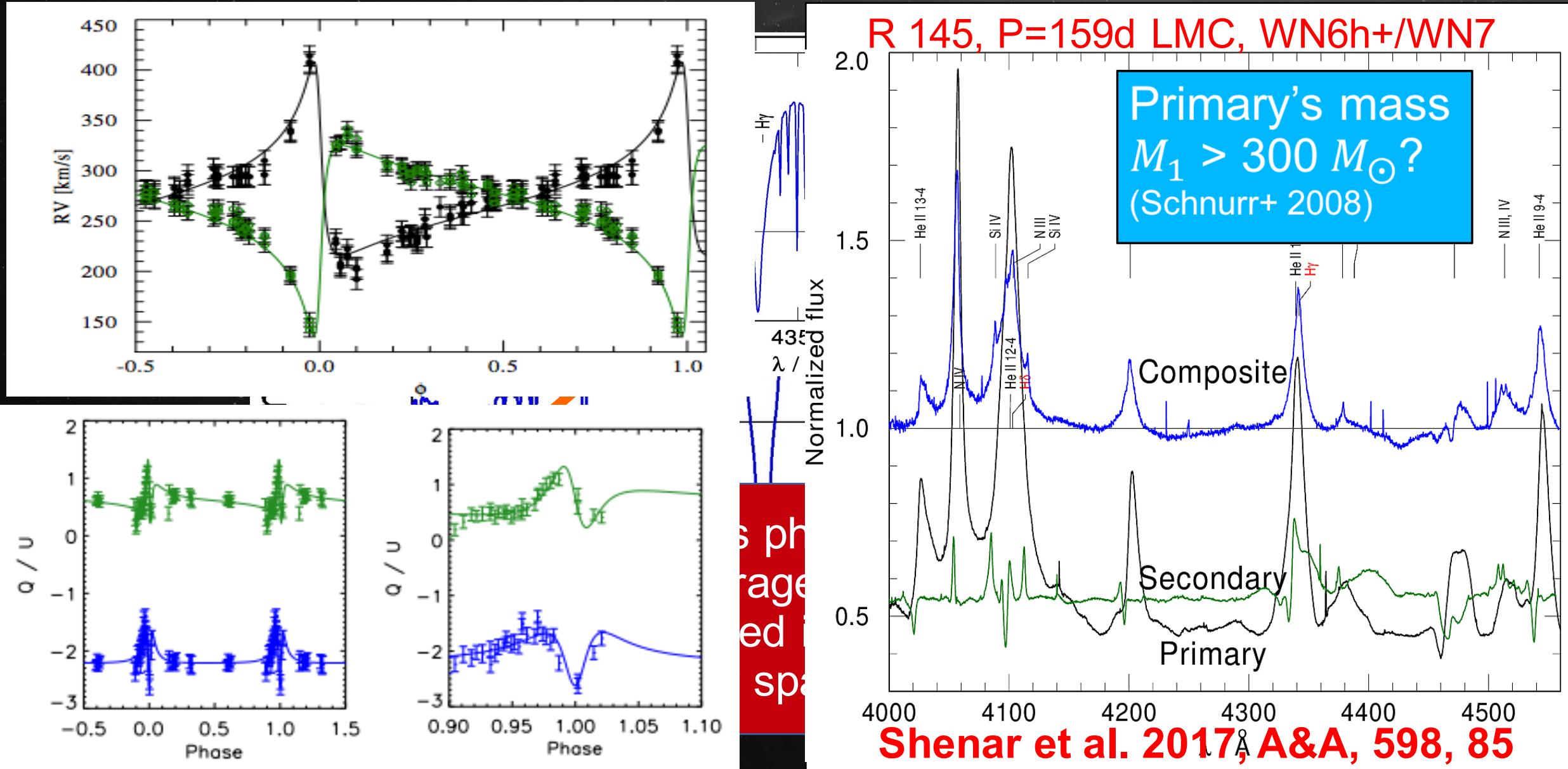
Spectral disentanglement



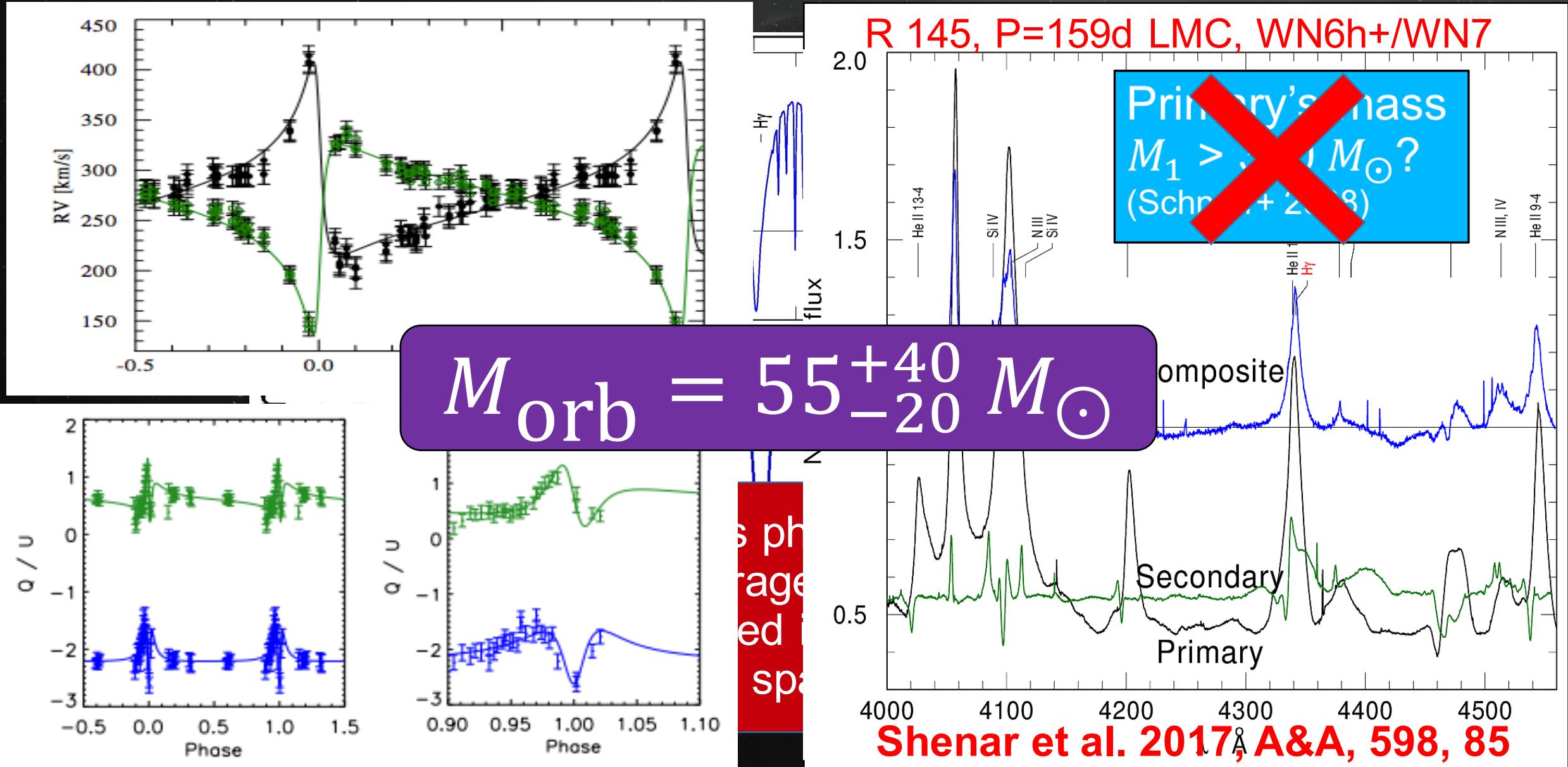
Requires phase coverage resolved in Doppler space



Spectral disentanglement

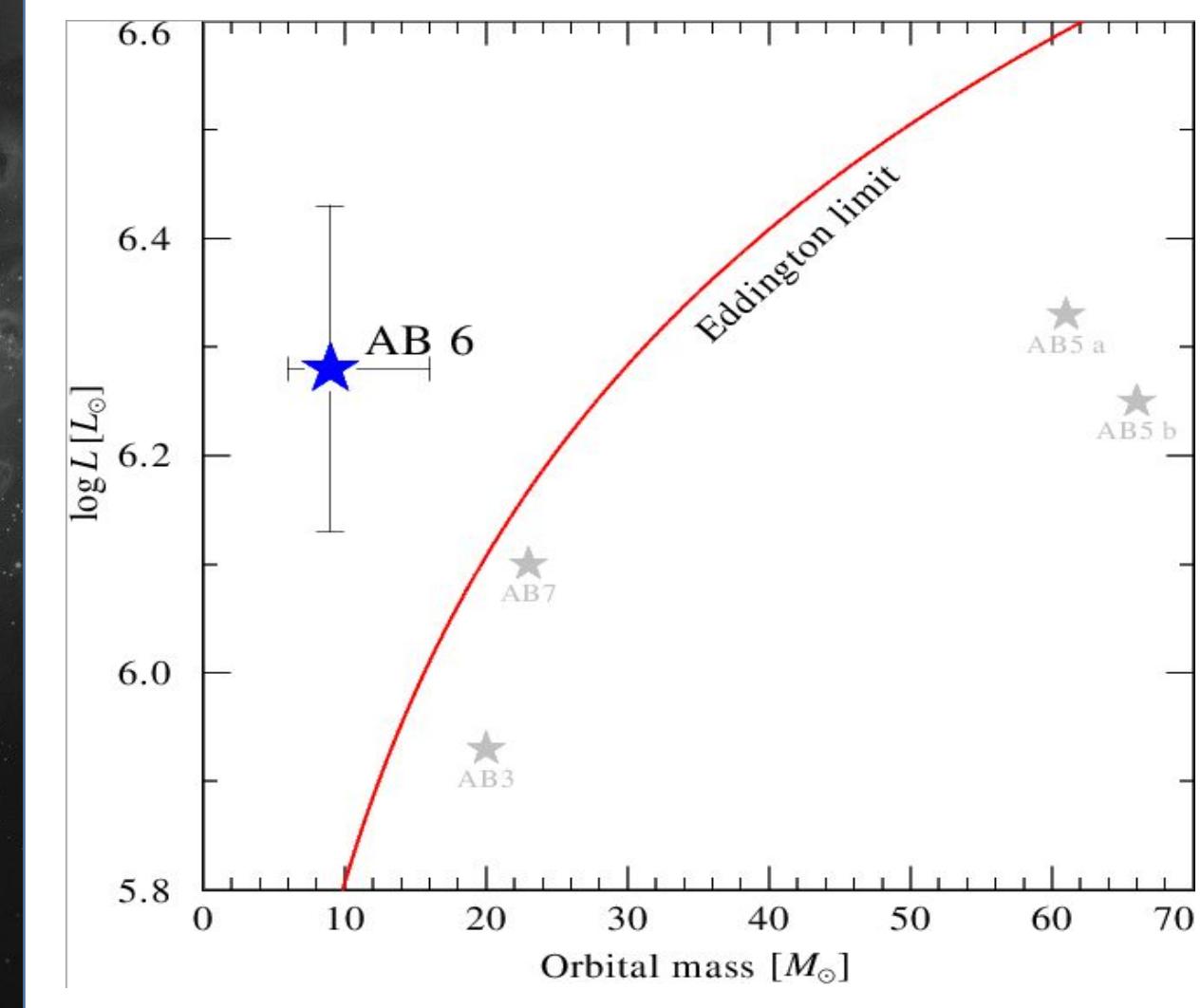


Spectral disentanglement



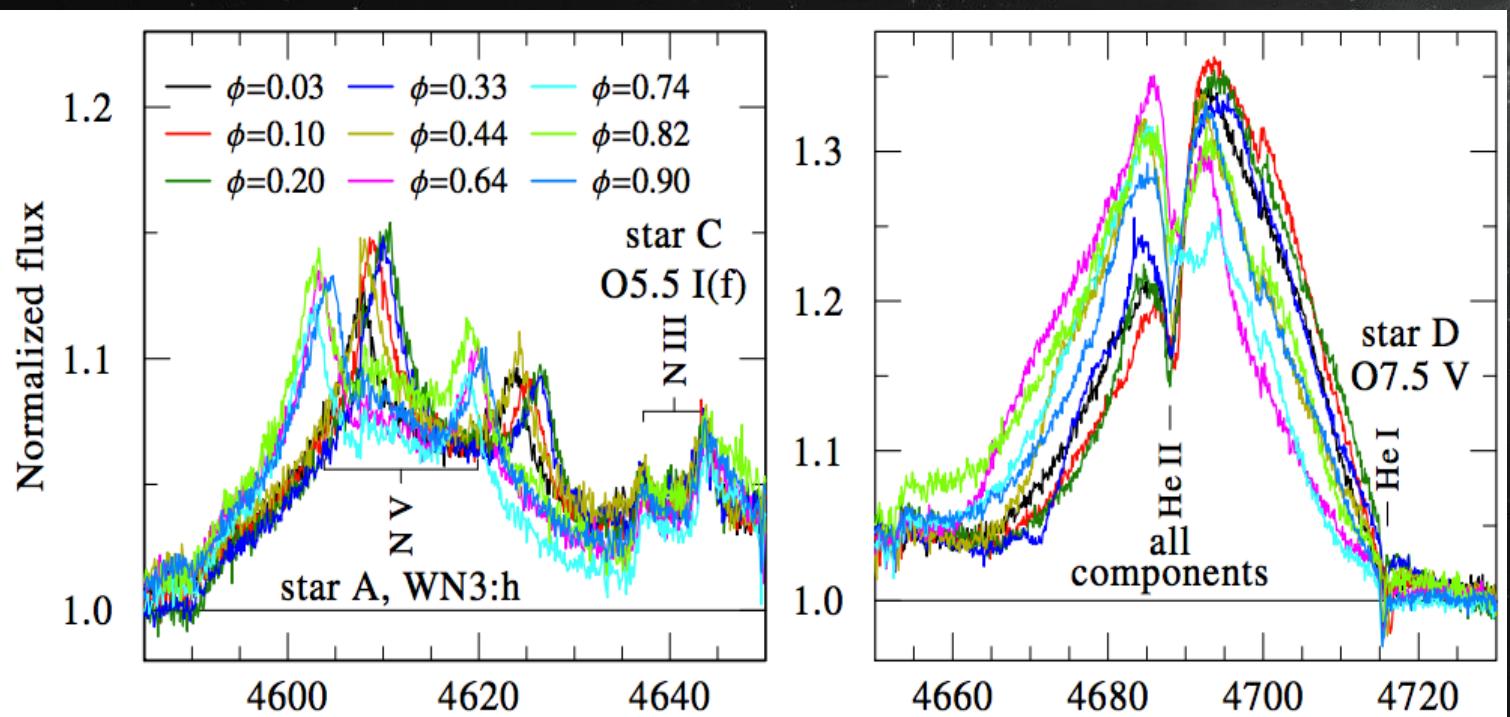
And it doesn't end with binaries!

SMC AB 6 = a “standard” WR+O binary?
(P=6d, WN4 + O5I f, Foellmi+ 2003)

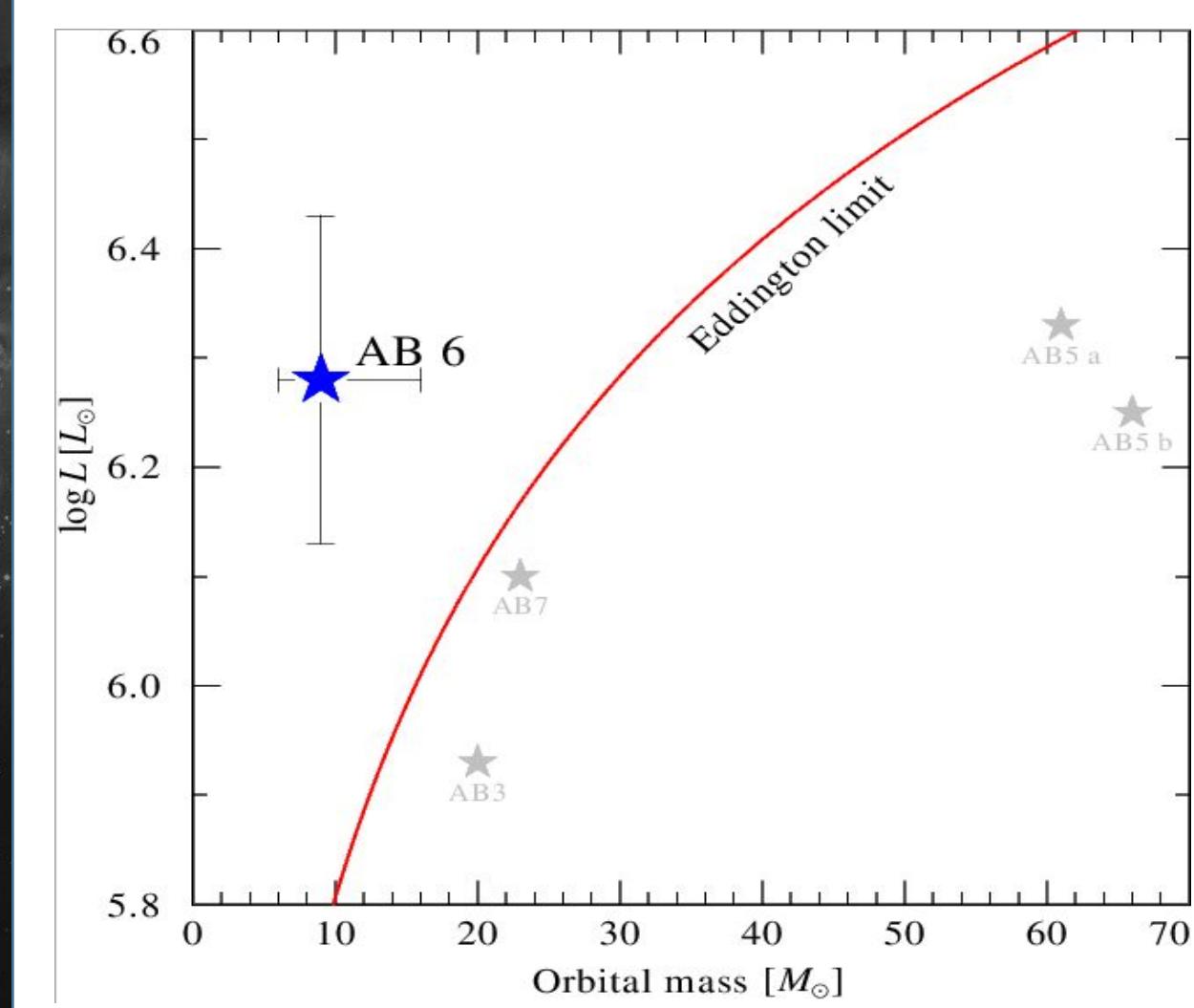


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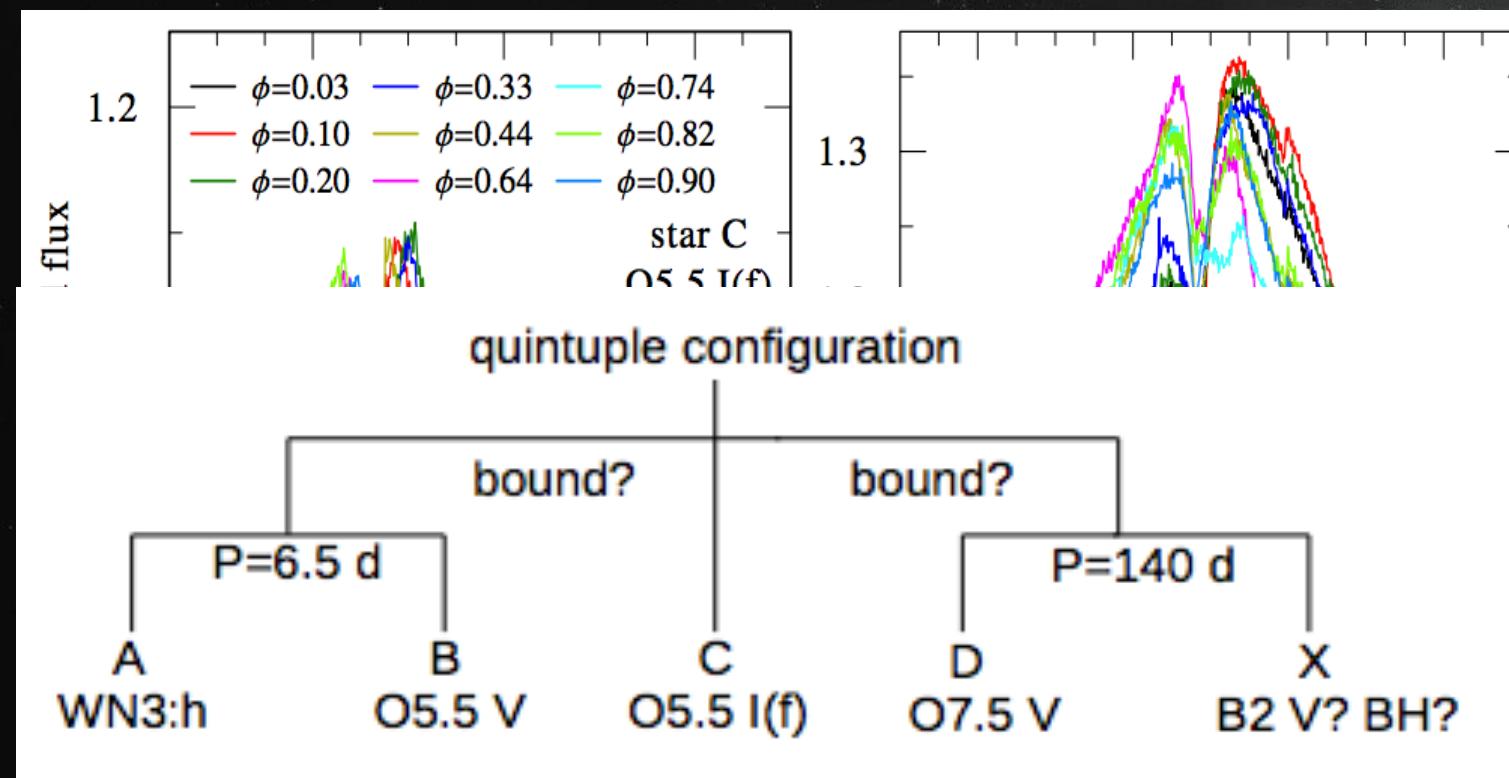


Shenar et al. 2018, A&A, 616, 103

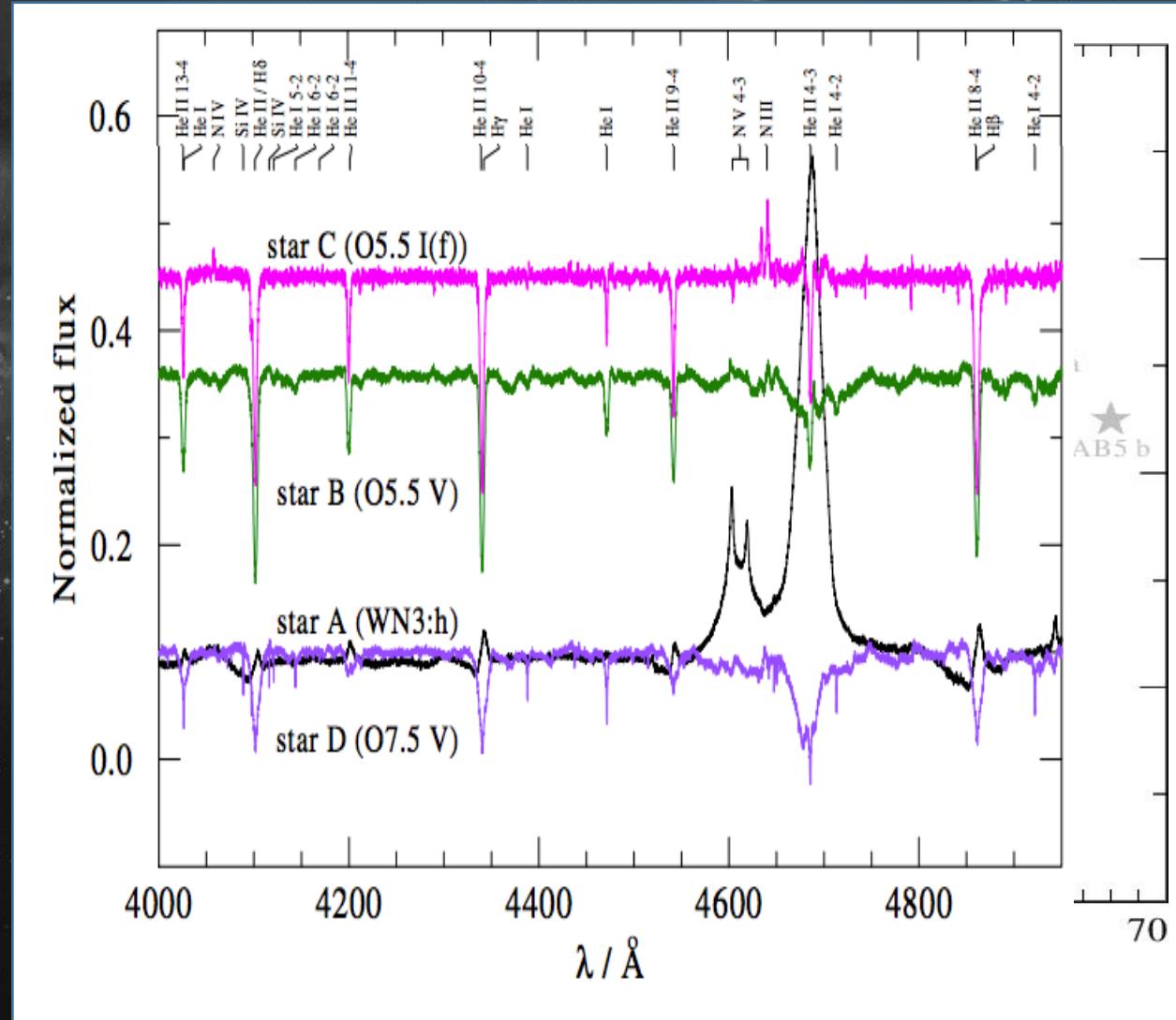


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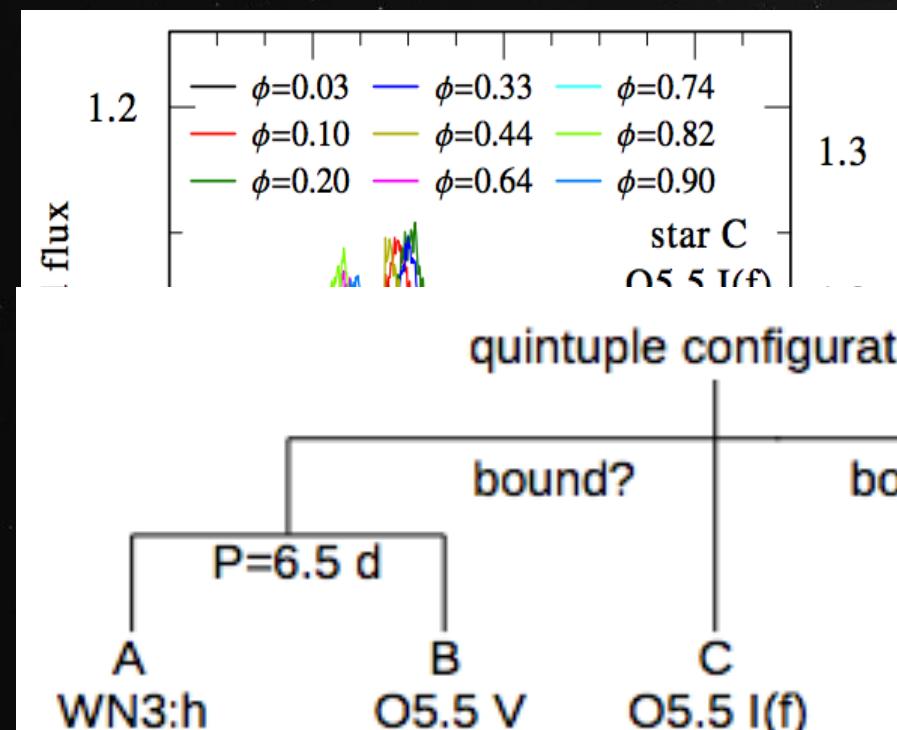


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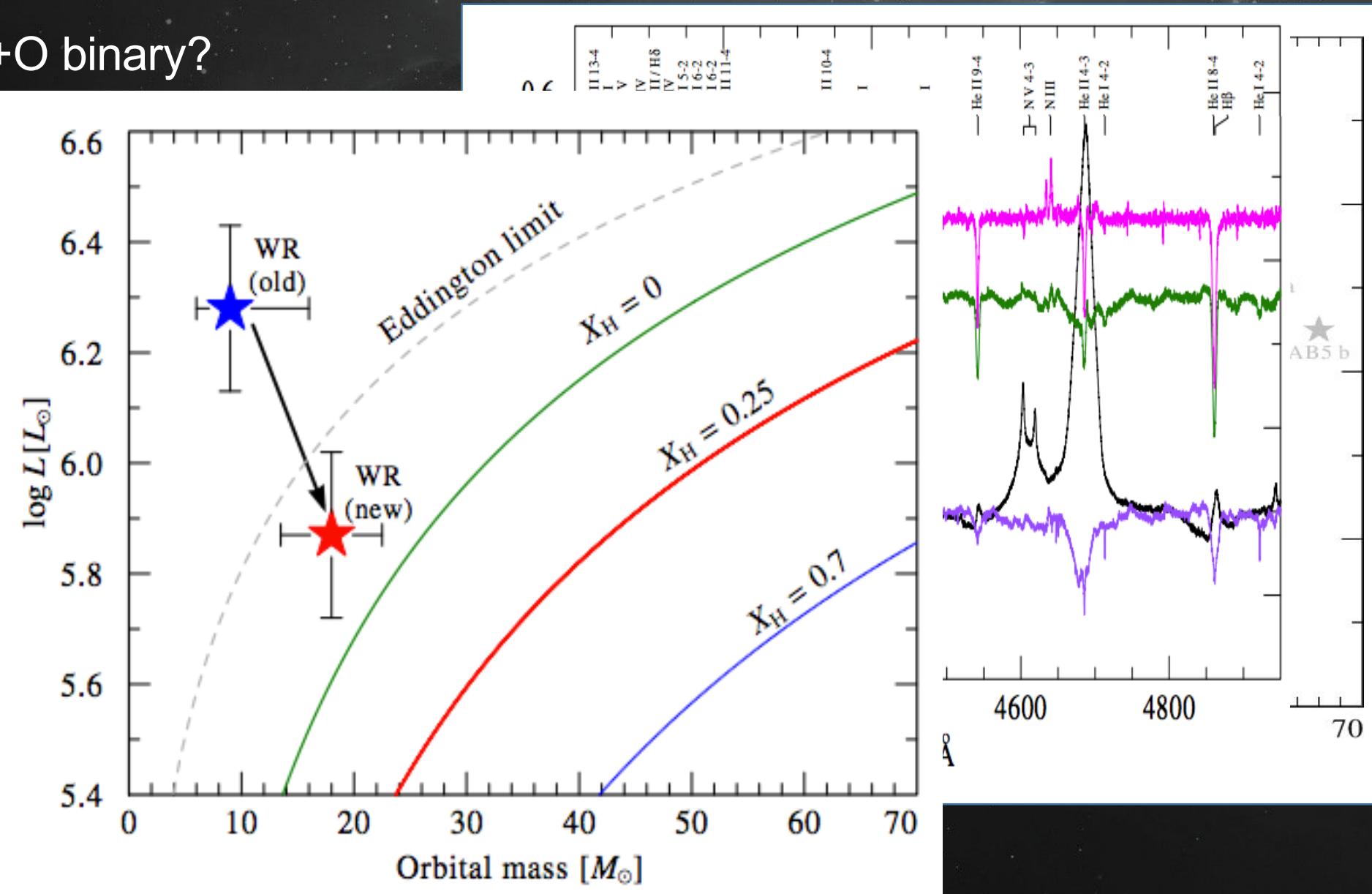


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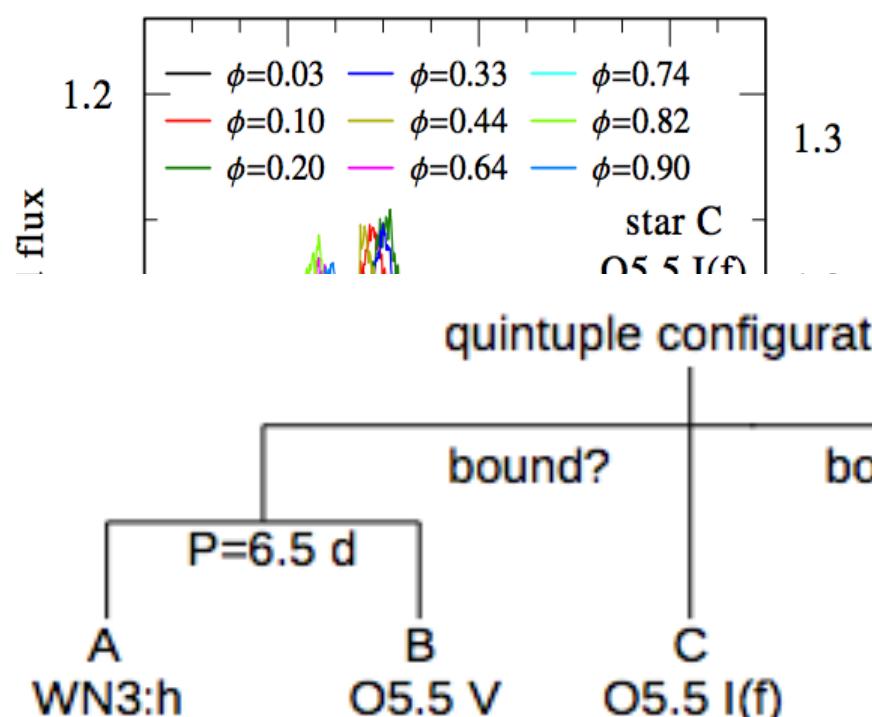


Shenar et al. 2018, A&A, 616, 103

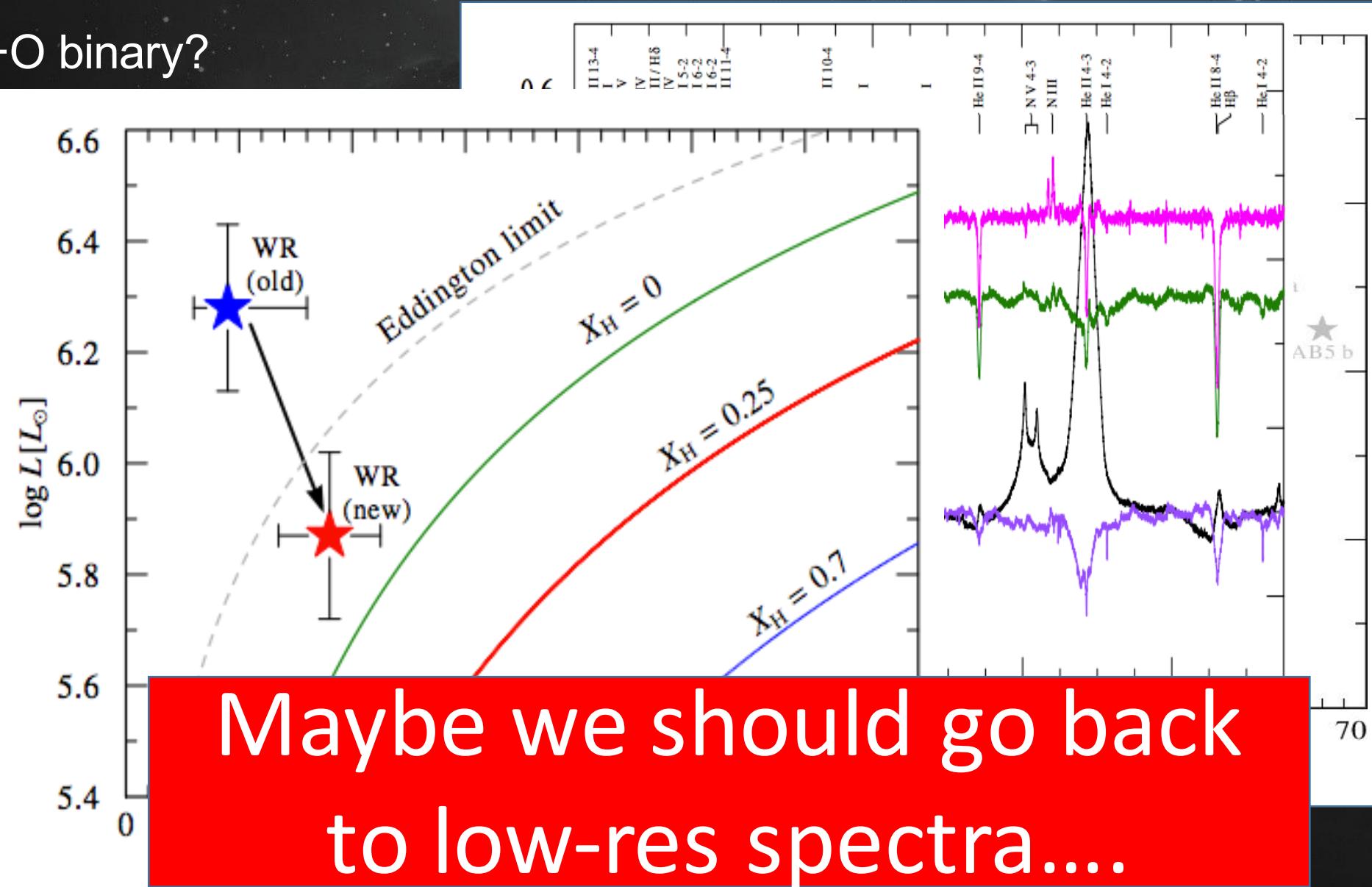


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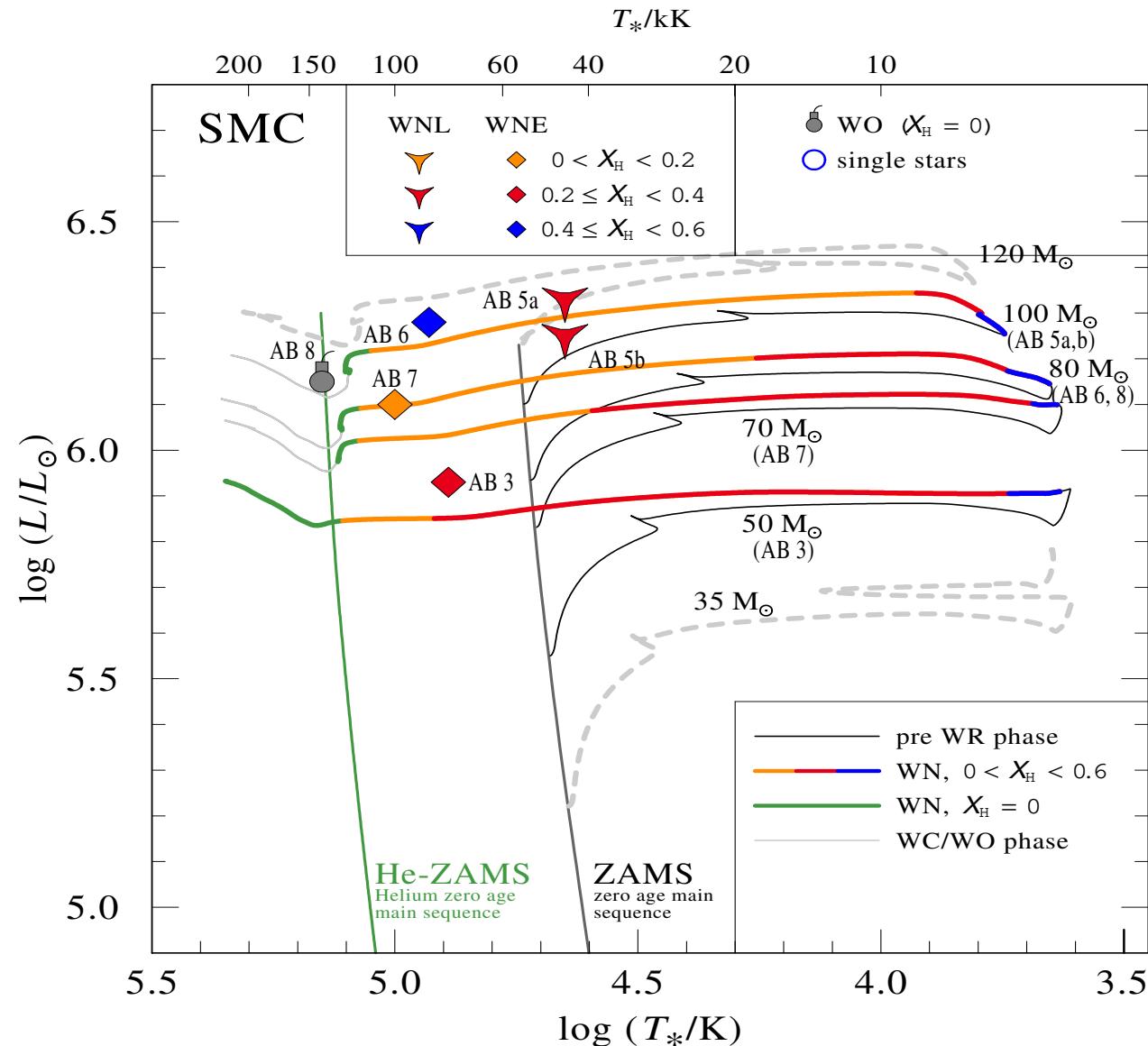


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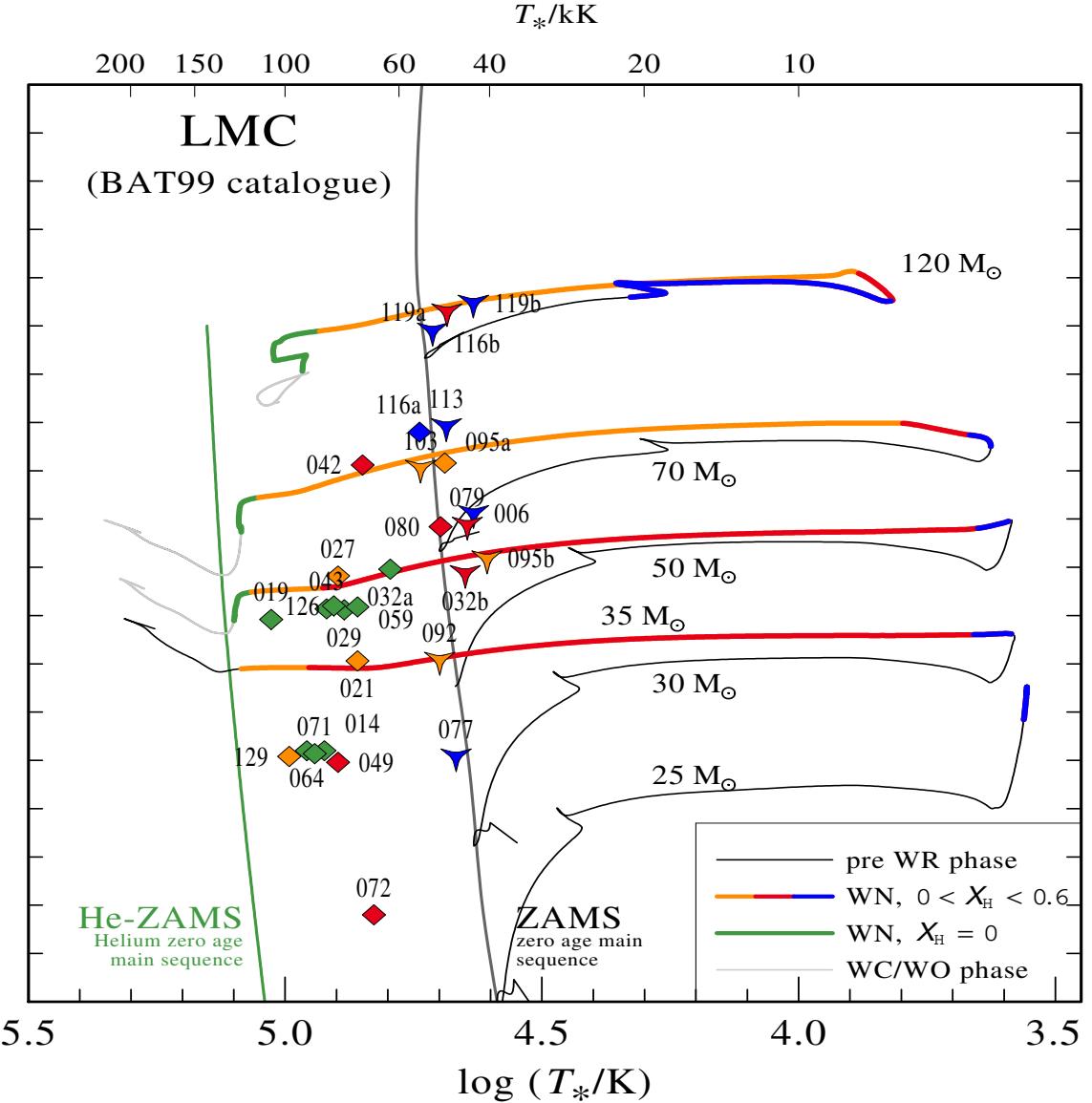


Complete analysis of SMC+LMC WN binaries

Shenar+ 2016, A&A, 591, 22



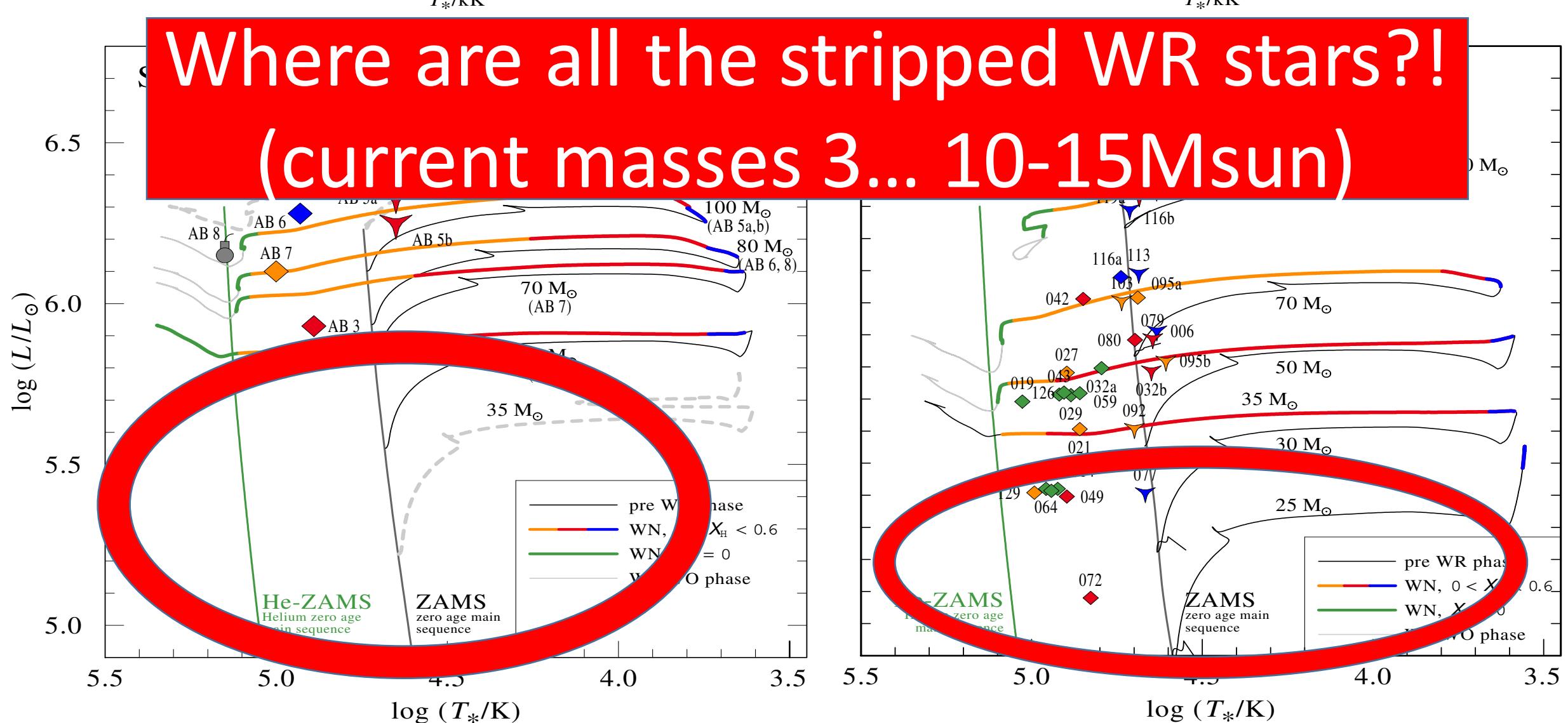
Shenar+ in prep.



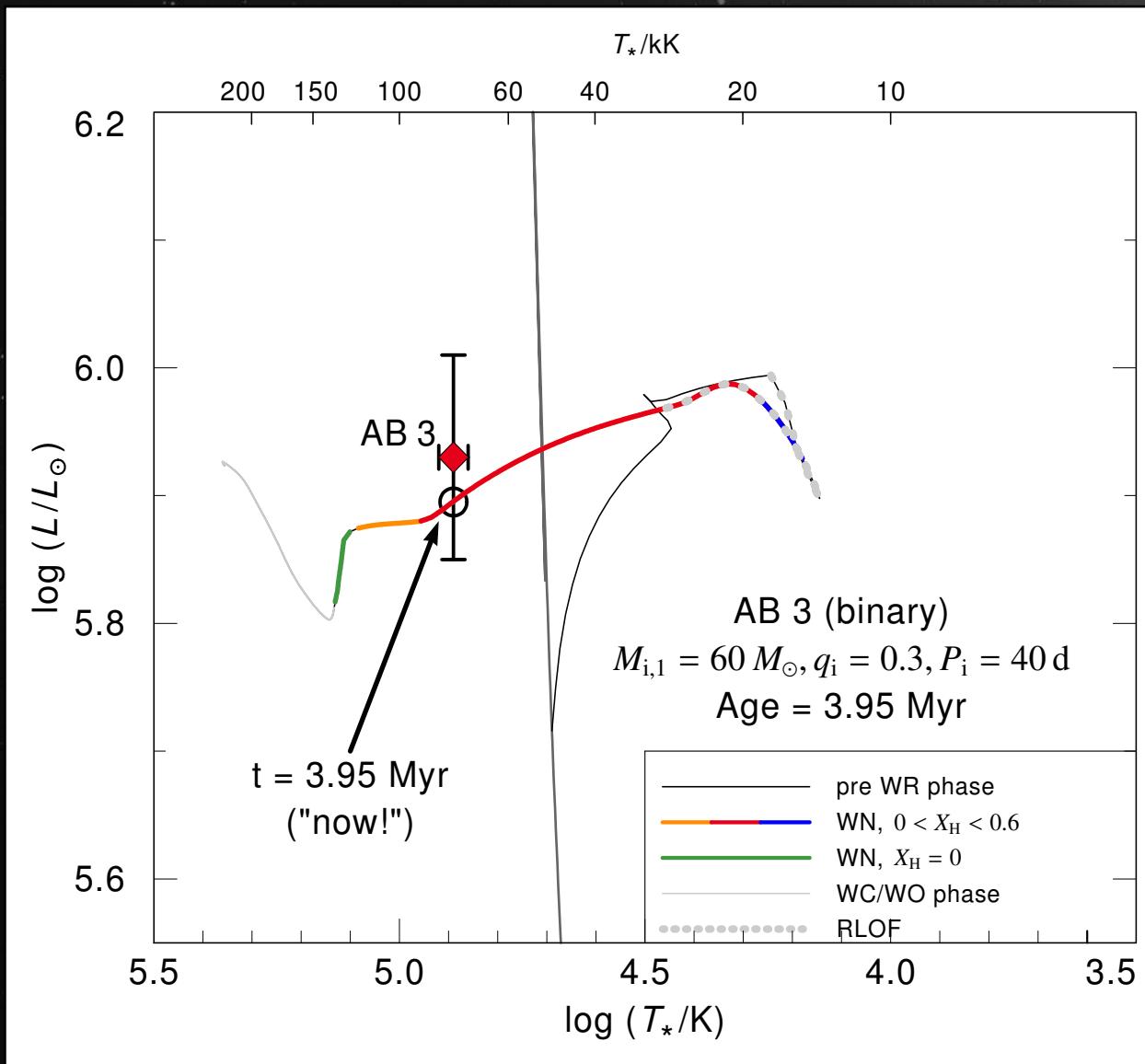
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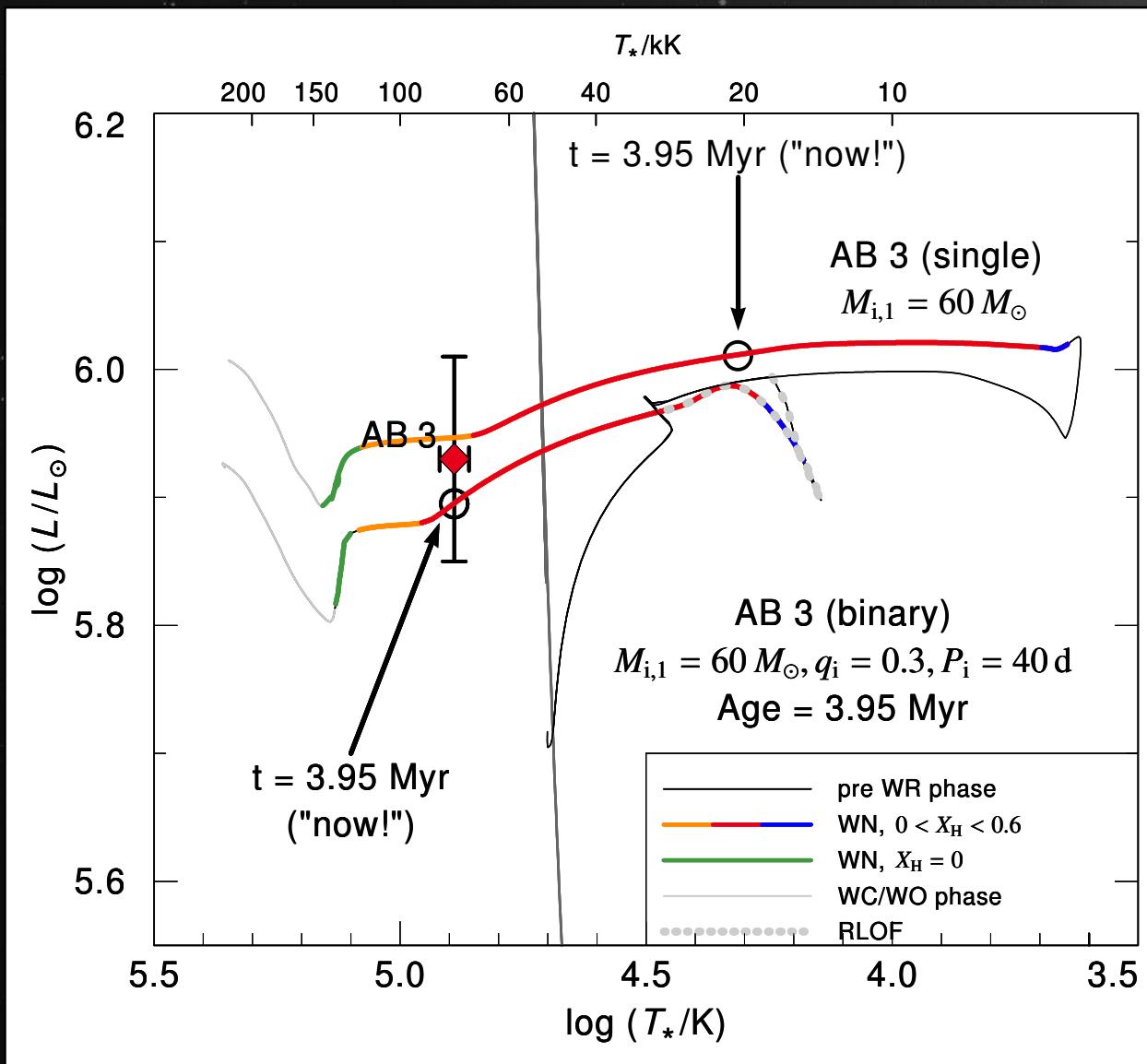
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Does binarity dominate WR formation?



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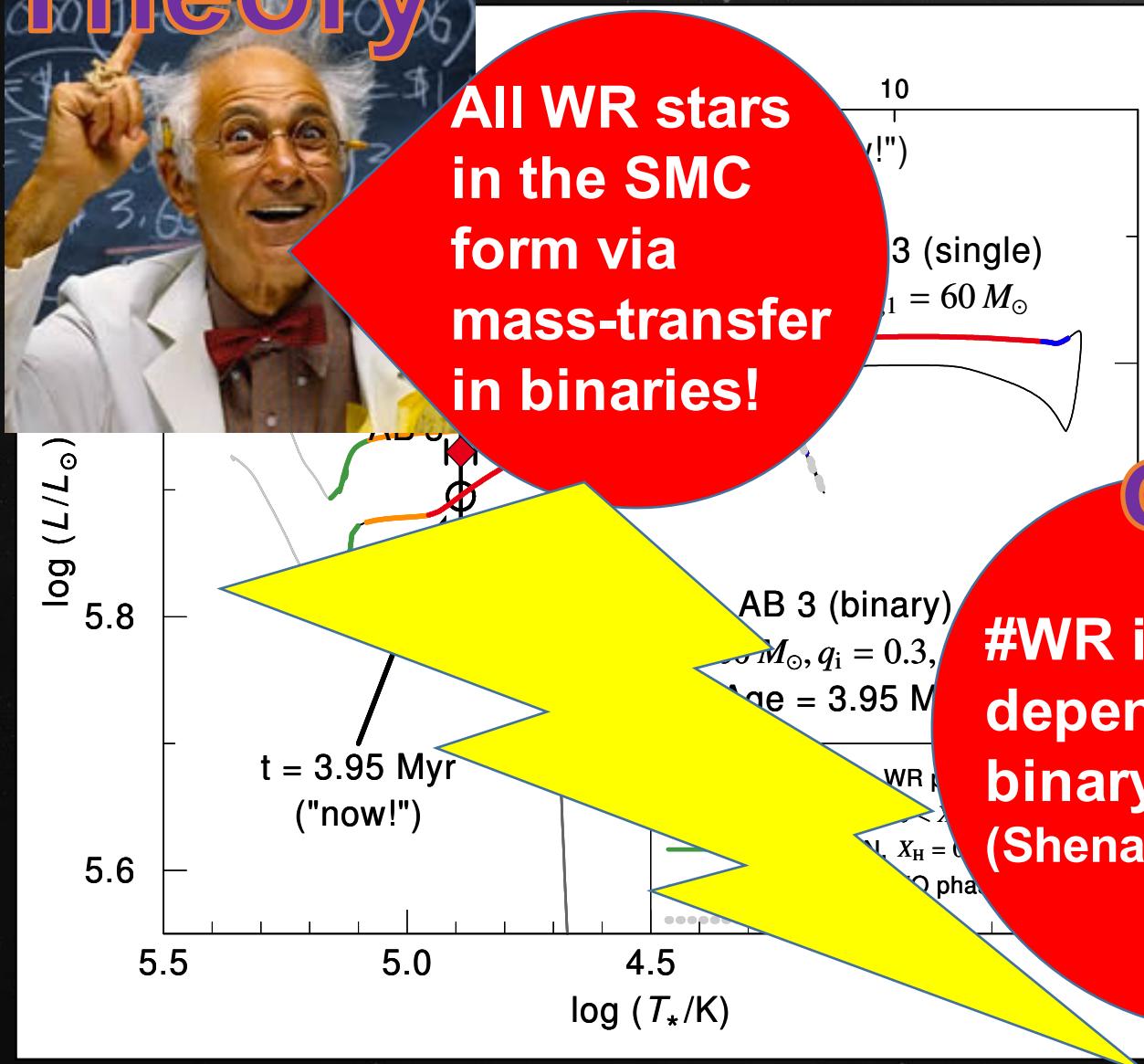


- χ^2 fitting with **binary evolution tracks** (Eldridge+ 2012), accounting for all observables:
 $P, X_H, M_1, M_2, L_1, L_2, T_1, T_2$
- derived set of initial parameters (period, masses)
- **WR stars are massive enough to enter the WR phase as single stars!**

Shenar+ 2016, A&A, 591, 22;

Does binarity dominate WR formation?

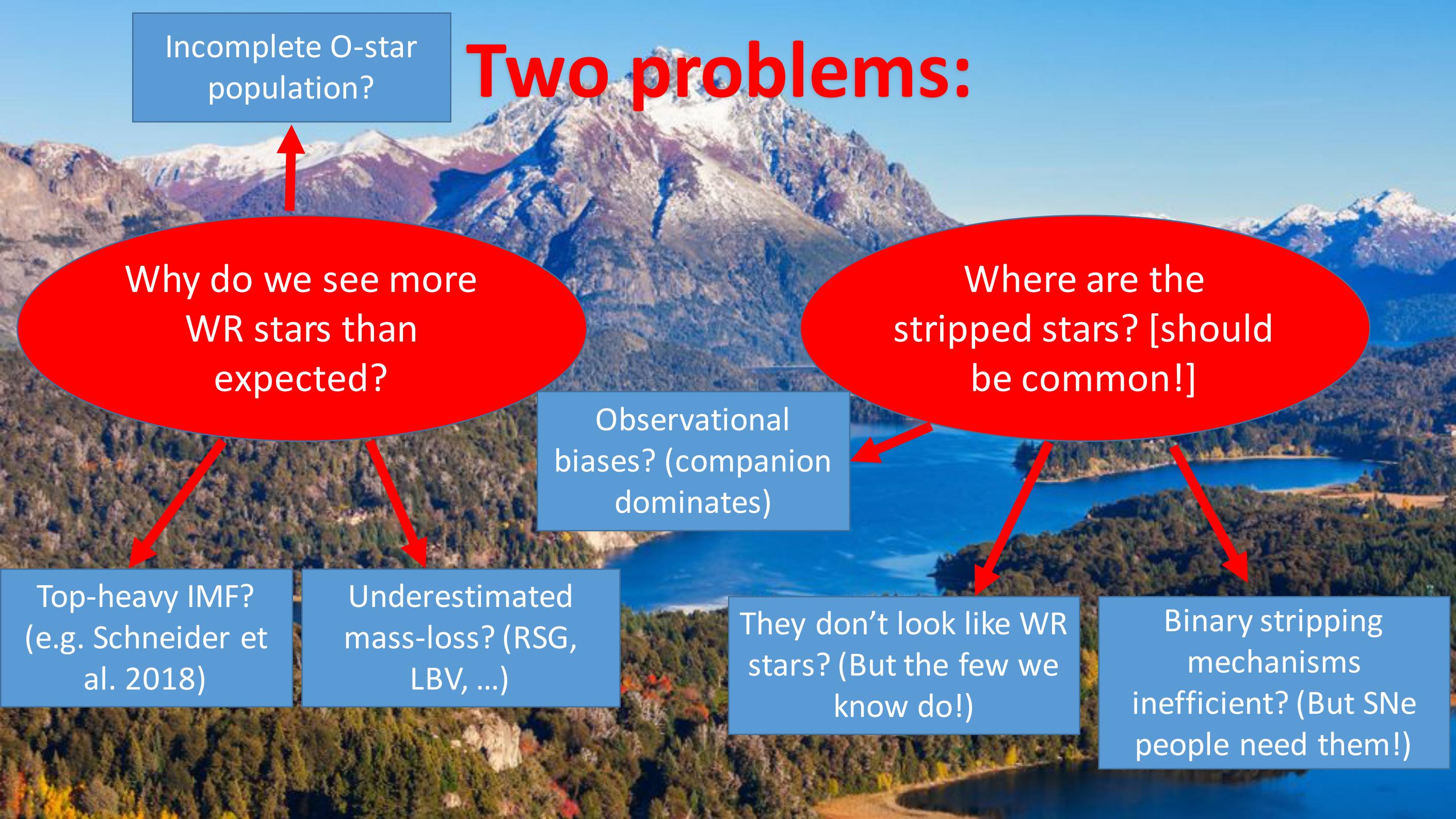
Theory



- χ^2 fitting with **binary evolution tracks** (Eldridge+ 2012), accounting for all observables:
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Shenar+ 2016, A&A, 591, 22;



Incomplete O-star population?

Two problems:

Why do we see more WR stars than expected?

Where are the stripped stars? [should be common!]

Observational biases? (companion dominates)

Top-heavy IMF?
(e.g. Schneider et al. 2018)

Underestimated mass-loss? (RSG, LBV, ...)

They don't look like WR stars? (But the few we know do!)

Binary stripping mechanisms inefficient? (But SNe people need them!)